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6217 Catalogue

GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES

GLEN SAINT MARY, FLORIDA



SEED INTRODUCTION  
AND DISTRIBUTION

★ OCT 18 1907  
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Answered .....

1908







Established 1882

Incorporated 1907

# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES COMPANY

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G. L. TABER, Pres. and Treas.  
H. HAROLD HUME, Vice-Pres. and Sec.  
WARREN S. ASKEW, Asst. Sec.  
W. P. JERNIGAN, Asst. Treas.  
M. M. BASS, Field Manager

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GLEN SAINT MARY .. FLORIDA  
1908



Nursery view, looking east

## Announcement



**T**HIS year marks the quarter-century anniversary of the Glen Saint Mary Nurseries. Established in 1882, with twenty acres of land, the nurseries have grown until they now include an area of eight hundred acres, a large portion of which is under cultivation. To further meet the demands of our patrons, a branch nursery has been established at Winter Haven, Fla.

During these twenty-five years of active growth and development, the nurseries have kept closely in touch with the various fruit industries of the country. A vast amount of experimental work has been, and is being done in the interests of fruit culture, and our customers have always had the benefit of these investigations.

Desirous of extending the scope of the work and anxious to see the nurseries perpetuated under the old name, they have been incorporated under the name of the Glen Saint Mary Nurseries Company.

This brings about no change in the personnel of the management, all the officers of the company having been connected with the business previous to its incorporation. The past policies and rigid standards of high-grade nursery stock, "true to name," and fair dealings will be continued.

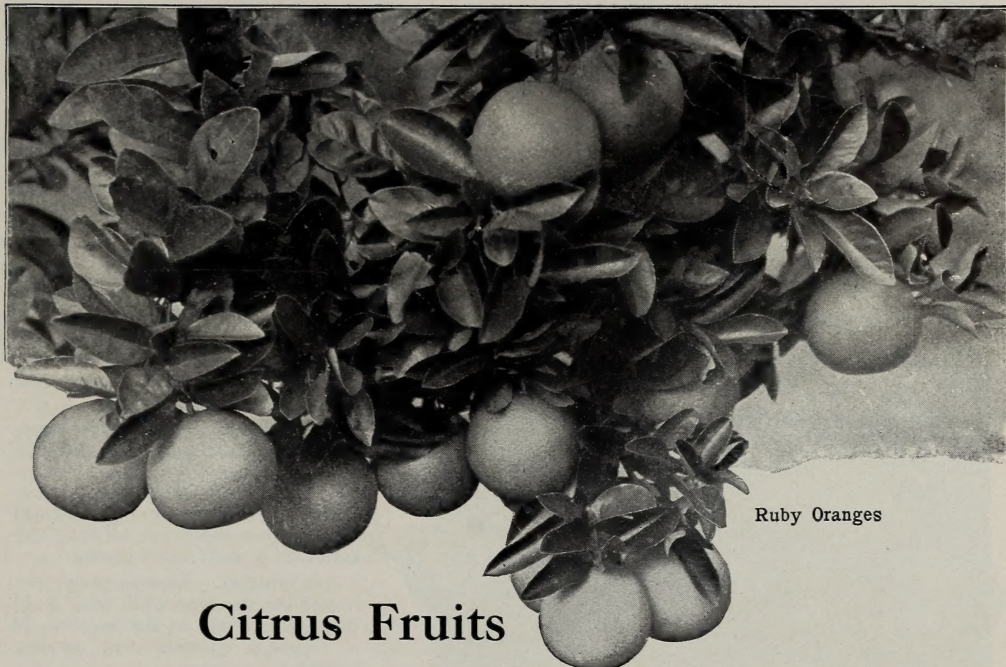
We thank the customers of the nurseries for their liberal patronage in the past and solicit a continuance of their valued favors.

**G. L. TABER, President**

Glen Saint Mary Nurseries Co.

*October 1, 1907.*





Ruby Oranges

## Citrus Fruits

Among tropical and semi-tropical fruits, the Citrus fruits—oranges, pomelos, lemons and kumquats—easily occupy first place. They are better adapted for general culture than any other group of fruits. They are more readily salable and can be safely shipped greater distances than other fruits commonly planted in the same regions.

We have given years of study to the culture of Citrus fruits from the standpoint of the grower. All the important varieties have been grown and fruited, and many of these—selected strains, tracing back to individual trees of great merit—are being propagated exclusively. The varieties offered are true to name, well-grown, healthy, vigorous trees, free from diseases and insects. We have never offered a better lot of trees than we have grown for this season's trade.

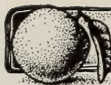
## ORANGES

TIME OF RIPENING will vary more or less with different conditions of soil, season, etc. The varieties listed may, however, be arranged with approximate correctness as follows: *Very early*—Boone Early, Satsuma, Sweet Seville. *Early*—Centennial, Dugat, Enterprise Seedless, Golden Buckeye Navel, Golden Nugget Navel, Lamb Summer, Nonpareil, Parson Brown, Surprise Navel, Thomson Improved Navel. *Medium*—Drake Star, Du Roi, Homosassa, Jaffa, Madam Vinous, Magnum Bonum, Majorca, Maltese Blood, Mandarin, Old Vini, Oneco, Pineapple, Ruby, St. Michael Blood, Tangerine, Washington Navel. *Late*—Maltese Oval, Mediterranean Sweet, Navelencia, Paper Rind. *Very late*—Bessie, Brazilian, Hart Late, Joppa Late, King, Valencia Late. Blood markings do not appear till late in the season. Some varieties possess the characteristic of hanging on the tree and improving in quality for some time after they first become marketable, and are good shippers late in season, as well as during the time indicated above.

**PRICES ON ORANGES.**—On Sour Orange, Rough Lemon and *Citrus trifoliata* stocks.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
2 to 3 feet, stake-trained, straight stems.....	\$0 30	\$2 50	\$22 00	\$200 00
3 to 4 feet, stake-trained, partly branched .....	35	3 00	25 00	230 00
4 to 5 feet, stake-trained, mostly branched .....	45	4 00	35 00	300 00
5 to 7 feet, stake-trained, branched .....	55	5 00	40 00	370 00
2 years, branched and stocky .....	60	5 50	50 00	
3 years, extra fine, (commencing to bear on Trifoliata) .....	80	7 50	65 00	





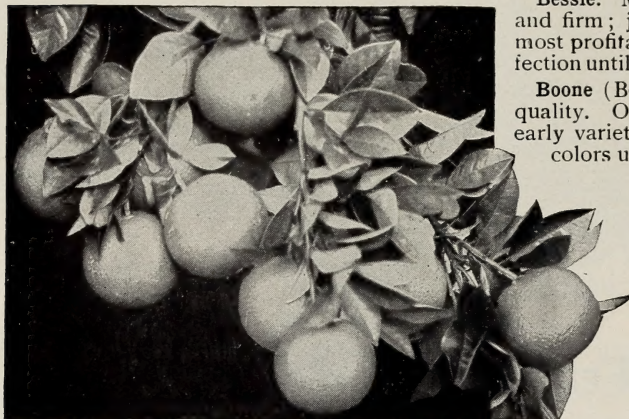
# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Citrus Fruits

### SATSUMA ORANGES.—On Trifoliata and Rough Lemon Stocks.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
1 to 2 ft., stake-trained, straight .....	\$0 30	\$2 70	\$25 00	\$220 00
2 to 3 feet, stake-trained, straight stems .....	40	3 50	30 00	275 00
3 to 4 feet, stake-trained, partly branched .....	45	4 00	35 00	325 00
4 to 5 feet, stake-trained, mostly branched .....	55	5 00	45 00	400 00
5 to 7 feet, stake-trained, branched .....	75	6 00	55 00	



Jaffa Oranges

to be rust-proof; quality good. Quite a favorite some years ago, but on sour stock proved rather a shy bearer. We are propagating it on Rough Lemon and *Citrus trifoliata*, on which stock nearly all varieties are good bearers.

**Dugat.** This variety has been grown in southern Texas for several years, where it is highly esteemed as one of the hardiest varieties and of excellent quality.

**Du Roi.** Medium-sized; slightly oblong; sometimes slightly ribbed; fine-grained, with but few seeds. Quality good.

**Enterprise Seedless** (Starke Seedless). Size medium; quality fine; seedless, or nearly so. Tree vigorous and productive. Early.

**Golden Buckeye Navel.** A recent California introduction, and is described as follows by the introducer: "The tree is a good grower, thornless. \* \* \* A pronounced characteristic of the fruit which makes it distinct from all other varieties of Navels, is a series of bands or ridges of a deeper orange-color, which add much to the beauty. \* \* \* Smooth and of a kid-glove texture. Flavor strongly aromatic, with a suggestion of pineapple to the taste; pulp of fine texture, with but few segments, almost entirely free from rag. \* \* \* Good keeper and shipper." Ripens early; seems to promise well, and to be worthy of careful trial in various sections.

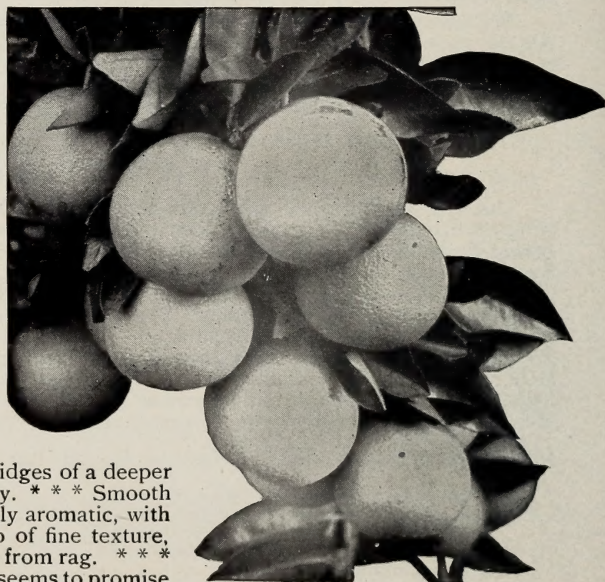
**Bessie.** Medium-sized; skin thin, but tough and firm; juicy and fine-flavored. One of the most profitable of the late sorts. Holds in perfection until May. Tree vigorous and productive.

**Boone** (Boone's Early). Medium size; good quality. One of the most valuable extremely early varieties. Unlike most early varieties, it colors up as soon as ripe.

**Brazilian.** A variety as yet comparatively little known by Florida orange-growers, but highly recommended for vigor and productiveness. Fruit of very fine quality and hangs upon the tree without deterioration until midsummer.

**Centennial.** Ripens early, but hangs on the tree well, and is of fine quality late in the season. Is a vigorous grower and prolific bearer.

**Drake Star.** Size medium; round; skin smooth, thin and bright,—said



Hart's Late Oranges





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Citrus Fruits

**Golden Nugget Navel.** A new California variety for which the introducer claims some very desirable features. Tree is described as of distinct habit, very symmetrical, and foliage exceptionally dark green; thornless. Fruit very smooth, solid, and thin-skinned; very much more so than Washington Navel, even at its best; of fine texture; color a strong gold; shape rather oblong, good size; fruit exceptionally tree from rag and is seedless; flavor delicious; bears young, generally second year from planting. A good shipper and keeper. Ripens early and ought to become valuable.

**Hart (Hart's Late).** Of medium size, round or slightly oval; smooth; very solid and heavy, the flesh being very firm; quality good; peel of lightish cast; few seeds. The tree is very strong, spreading and vigorous grower, prolific; the foliage is distinct; but few thorns. Ripens in April; hangs on the tree in good condition until midsummer. One of the best late varieties.

**Homosassa.** Size about medium; round, somewhat flattened; very heavy; color bright; skin very smooth, thin, tough and dense; pulp fine, sweet and juicy; flavor full, vinous and sprightly; membranes covering segments of pulp thin and small in quantity; keeps and carries well. Quality best. Tree vigorous and prolific.

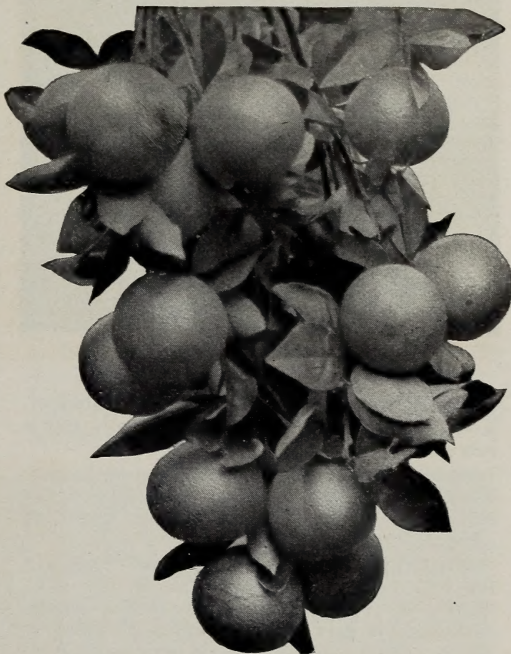
**Jaffa.** Medium to large; peel thin; pulp melting, scarcely any fiber; juicy, rich and of exquisite flavor. In quality unsurpassed, being one of the four or five varieties which head the list in all competitions. The fruit remains on the tree in prime condition for a long period. The tree is a strong, upright grower of distinct habit, practically thornless, and a prolific bearer when it has attained sufficient size to hold good crops.

**Joppa Late.** This variety was originated by Mr. A. B. Chapman, of San Gabriel, Cal., from seed obtained in Joppa, Palestine. An extremely late orange—said to be even later than Hart's Late. Tree upright, vigorous grower and thornless. Fruit medium to large; oblong, with thin rind; few or no seeds; pulp juicy and sweet.

**King.** Very large, flattened, and with loosely adhering rind and segments, like all the Mandarin varieties; color orange-red; skin rough, but general appearance fine; its high and peculiar aromatic flavor is very agreeable; it has few seeds; flesh deep red-orange, juicy, meaty; inner lining of rind and membranes bright buff. Quality very best. Tree upright, strong grower; quite thorny; foliage dark and rich. March, April and May; keeps in good condition even later.

**Lamb (Lamb's Summer).** A medium-sized orange of fair quality, valuable chiefly on account of the time of ripening—during the summer, as its name indicates.

**Madam Vinous.** Medium to large; skin smooth and thin. Quality fine. One of the best of the numerous good varieties from the Indian river section of Florida. Ripens midseason.



Cluster of **Magnum Bonum** Oranges

**Magnum Bonum.** Size large to very large; flattened; color light, clear orange; skin smooth and glossy; color of flesh light; grain very fine, tender and melting; fruit very heavy and juicy; excellent shipper; quality best. Tree prolific and vigorous.

**Majorca.** Medium size; round; rich, juicy and sweet; equals Jaffa in quality, its characteristics being similar to that variety. It is a good keeper and shipper. Tree a strong, bushy grower, very robust; foliage very distinct; nearly thornless; a fine bearer.

**Maltese Blood.** Fruit medium in size; round or slightly oblong; skin very smooth, thin and tough; very juicy, sweet and sprightly; good

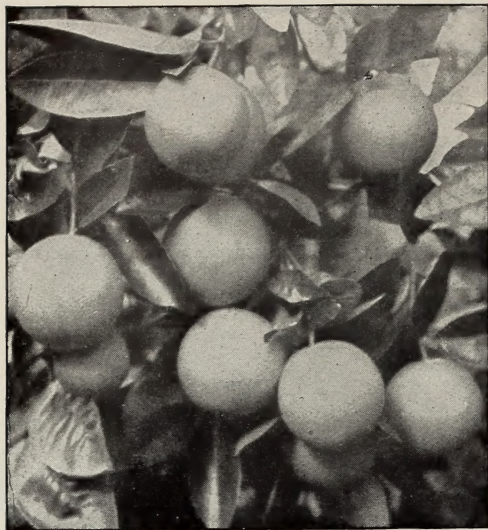




# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Citrus Fruits



Pineapple Oranges ; a standard variety.

in December, but better in April ; good shipper. Tree prolific and vigorous ; practically thornless ; foliage distinct.

**Maltese Oval** (Garey's *Mediterranean Sweet*). Fruit medium to large ; quality first-class ; ripens medium to late. Tree of distinct spreading growth, vigorous and prolific.

**Mandarin.** Medium size, flattened ; deep yellow ; skin thin ; segments loosely adherent ; flesh dark orange-yellow, spicy and aromatic. Although largely superseded in Florida by King, Satsuma and Tangerine, which like Mandarin, belong to the *Citrus nobilis* group, yet in southern Louisiana the Mandarin is still adhered to as one of the most profitable sorts.

**Mediterranean Sweet** (Sanford's). Large size ; smooth rind. Quality good. Ripens late. One of the best of General Sanford's introductions.

**Navelencia.** A comparatively new variety of California origin. Said to be a cross between Thomson's Improved Navel and Valencia Late, combining the good qualities of the former and lateness of the latter. Ripens 30 to 60 days later than Washington Navel. Tree of good growth, small thorns, full, well-rounded top. Fruit good-sized, smooth and thin-skinned, and of fine quality ; gives promise of being a valuable acquisition.

**Nonpareil.** Size medium to slightly larger, somewhat flattened ; grain fine, pulp melting

and tender ; juice subacid and vinous ; quality best. Tree vigorous and prolific. A very desirable early variety.

**Old Vini** (Beach No. 4). Size medium, slightly flattened ; color dark orange ; pulp melting ; juice subacid ; pleasant sprightly quality.

**Oneco.** Of full, medium size for the Mandarin type. The color of skin is red, like Tangerine, and it also possesses a decided Tangerine aroma. The fruit is of good quality and reminds one of Satsuma, Tangerine and King blended.

**Paper Rind** (St. Michael). Fruit medium size, round ; quality good ; productive. Tree a vigorous grower.

**Parson Brown.** Size medium, round or slightly oblong ; peel smooth, texture fine ; quality good. Keeps and ships well. One of the best of the early varieties. Begins to ripen in Oct.

**Pineapple.** A most excellent variety introduced some years ago from the Orange lake region of Florida. It has, during recent years, attained, and very justly so, a great amount of prominence. The tree is a very strong, upright grower ; prolific. Fruit medium to large ; peel thin but tough, very smooth and bright ; heavy, juicy and of excellent quality. We consider this one of the best round Oranges and recommend it as one of the most profitable sorts for extensive planting.

**Ruby.** Medium-sized, nearly round ; skin thin but very tough ; pulp melting, rich, juicy and of exquisite flavor ; quality unsurpassed. As the fruit ripens it usually becomes streaked or mottled with blood-red ; often the entire pulp gets ruby-red, showing through the peel in a reddish blush on the outside. One of the best of the Blood Oranges. The tree is vigorous, nearly thornless, and a regular bearer. We esteem this one of the most valuable varieties for general planting. See illustration, page 3.

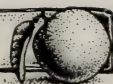
**St. Michael Blood.** One of the best of the Blood Oranges. Fruit medium size, almost round, with thin but tough skin ; pulp juicy, melting, rich and of exquisite flavor, being unsurpassed in quality. Usually the fruit becomes mottled or streaked with blood-red as it ripens, the pulp often a beautiful, rich ruby-red, showing through the peel in a reddish blush. Is a regular bearer, vigorous and nearly thornless.

**Satsuma** (Synonyms, *Oonshiu*, *Kii Seedless*). Of medium size ; flattened ; loosely adhering rind and easily separated segments like all other varieties of the Mandarin (*Citrus nobilis*) group ; the color is not red like King and Tangerine, but of a deeper yellow than Mandarin ; flesh fine-grained, tender, juicy, sweet and delicious ; entirely seedless. Ripens in September, Octo-





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Citrus Fruits

ber and November. On account of its extreme earliness, good appearance and excellent quality, it brings a high price in market. Tree of somewhat smaller growth than other Oranges, and is of unique habit. Entirely thornless. Bears when very young. This is undoubtedly the hardest known variety of edible Orange, and this, in connection with its early ripening and fine quality, makes it an exceedingly valuable sort. We are growing it largely in our own Orange groves at Glen Saint Mary, in northern Florida, and are probably the largest propagators of this variety in America. We can furnish the Satsuma on rough lemon and *Citrus trifoliata*, but do not grow it on sour stock. It succeeds much better on rough lemon stock than on sour, while on the entirely hardy *Citrus trifoliata* the inherent hardness of the Satsuma is still further enhanced. (We nearly always have this variety in fruit in the nursery rows and can furnish trees of bearing size.)

**Surprise Navel.** Originated by Mr. E. S. Hubbard, of Federal Point, Fla. Size medium; navel mark small, but very distinctive. Very heavy, smooth, thin-skinned, and nearly seedless. Quality good. Ripens early. Claimed to be a heavy bearer, even when budded on sour stock, and is believed to be quite an acquisition to the list of Oranges; worthy of careful trial.

**Sweet Seville** (Sanford's). Size medium;

round; a good keeper and shipper; sweetens first of the early kinds, and is known distinctly as a sweet Orange. Tree vigorous and prolific.

**Tangerine** (Dancy's). One of the well-known "kid-glove" Oranges; belongs to the Mandarin family. Flat, small to medium; skin separates freely from the flesh; juicy, aromatic and rich, of a deep red color. Particularly good grower and prolific. Fruit very handsome on the tree. December, January and February.

**Thomson Improved Navel.** This variety has been attracting considerable attention in California, where it was originated. Fruit of medium size, rind very smooth and thin; pulp juicy, sweet, and of firm texture; splendid color and of excellent quality. Ripens early. Tree similar to Washington Navel.

**Valencia Late.** A very late and very prolific variety of fine quality. Season May and June, but fruit will hang on trees till August or September. Fruit of good size, oval or rounded in shape, juicy and tender.

**Washington Navel.** Like other Navels, bears a peculiar umbilical formation on the summit or blossom end of the fruit; this protuberance is not so prominent as in some varieties of Navel Orange. The fruit is large to very large, somewhat oval; flesh meaty, tender, sweet and highly flavored; an exceptionally luscious fruit.



Kumquats Packed for Shipment

## KUMQUAT

The Kumquat (*Citrus Japonica*) is the smallest of the citrus fruits and has not heretofore been planted very extensively for commercial purposes in this country. It is supposed to have originated in Cochin China, and is quite extensively grown at the present time in Japan, also in the districts of Fu-chau, Chusan, and Ningpo, China. In Japan it is called Kin-kan, which means Gold Orange; Kumquat is Chinese for the same meaning.



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Citrus Fruits

The tree attains a height of 10 to 12 feet, with a spread of top nearly equal to the height. It is very symmetrical in growth and produces an abundance of handsome little fruits annually. The blossoms come during the summer and the fruit ripens during the late fall and winter.

This fruit has been introduced in a limited way, in the markets of this country and, where properly handled, has brought very fancy prices. On our own shipments we have obtained from \$6 to \$10 per strawberry crate of thirty-two quarts. In packing our fruit, we always clip little bunches of fruit with foliage attached and pack it in strawberry baskets. In northern markets it seems to sell better where the foliage is mixed in with the fruit, as Kumquats are often used for table decoration, and the leaves add greatly to their beauty. This is an advantage from the shipper's standpoint, as the leaves help to fill up the baskets and make a larger volume than if the fruit is clipped off and packed by itself. Kumquats are eaten whole, rind and all. Preserved in sugar or crystallized they make a delicious confection, appreciated by most people.

In China and Japan Kumquats are grown almost exclusively on *Citrus trifoliata* stock. We have found this stock very satisfactory and use it exclusively in our own planting. They grow well on Rough Lemon stock, but on sweet and sour orange they have not proven satisfactory, and we no longer propagate them on sweet and sour.

### PRICES ON KUMQUATS. On *Citrus trifoliata* and Rough Lemon stocks.

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year buds, about 1½ to 2 feet, stocky .....	\$0 40	\$3 50	\$30 00
2-year buds, about 2 to 3 feet, stocky .....	60	5 00	45 00
3-year buds, 3 to 5 feet, very fine, bearing size, on Trifoliata only .....	1 00	8 00	75 00
Special size trees .....	1 50		

**Marumi.** Fruit round, about one inch in diameter, bright golden yellow. Rind sweet, with a pleasant flavor, and pulp and juice sprightly; quality very fine. Tree forms a beautiful, well-rounded, symmetrical head, even when quite young, and always retains this shape. Leaves of this variety are slightly smaller than of Nagami; tree a little more compact. Begins to ripen two or three weeks before Nagami.

**Nagami.** Fruit oblong, about 1½ to 2 inches in length and 1 inch in diameter; fruit golden yellow; rind sweet; pulp and juice sprightly, of

fine flavor. Tree forms a nice head and grows quite symmetrically; a little more open than the Marumi but still compact. Leaves are a trifle larger than the Marumi variety.

**To (Sour).** Small, 1¼ inches in diameter, deep orange-red, flattened, with thin skin, easily separated from the pulp; sections easily separated as in the Mandarin oranges; juice clear strong acid (5 per cent), with a pleasant, peculiar flavor. Very hardy, prolific, ripening during November and December. Quite distinct from the other Kumquats. Excellent for making ade.

## LEMONS

**Villa Franca.** Medium size; rind smooth, thin and sweet; juicy; acid very strong and of fine quality; tree has but few thorns and is a vigorous grower and very productive. Fruit a good shipper. One of the very best; has taken first rank in many competitive exhibits.

### PRICES ON VILLA FRANCA.—On Sour Orange, Rough Lemon and *Citrus trifoliata* stocks, Stake-trained.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
2 to 3 feet, stake-trained, straight stems .....	\$0 30	\$2 50	\$22 00	\$200 00
3 to 4 feet, stake-trained, partly branched .....	35	3 00	25 00	230 00
4 to 5 feet, stake-trained, mostly branched .....	45	4 00	35 00	300 00
5 to 7 feet, stake-trained, branched .....	55	5 00	40 00	370 00

**Ponderosa Lemon.** An exceptionally large Lemon, fruits weighing from 1½ to 2½ pounds; very juicy, excellent quality, genuine lemon flavor. Rind very thin for such large fruit. Bears when quite young. Tree quite similar to other lemons in appearance and about as hardy.

### PRICES ON PONDEROSA.—On Sour Orange and *Citrus trifoliata* stock.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 50	\$4 00
3 to 4 feet .....	75	6 00
4 to 5 feet .....	1 00	9 00
5 to 7 feet .....	1 25	11 00





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



Citrus Fruits

## POMELO (Grape Fruit)

PRICES ON POMELOS.—On Sour Orange, Rough Lemon and *Citrus trifoliata* stocks.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
2 to 3 feet, stake-trained, straight stems.....	\$0 30	\$2 50	\$22 00	\$200 00
3 to 4 feet, stake-trained, partly branched.....	35	3 00	25 00	230 00
4 to 5 feet, stake-trained, mostly branched.....	45	4 00	35 00	300 00
5 to 7 feet, stake-trained, branched.....	55	5 00	40 00	370 00
2 years, branched and stocky.....	60	5 50	50 00	
3 years, extra fine, (commencing to bear on Trifoliata) .....	80	7 50	65 00	

**Duncan.** Of large size; peel tough and smooth. Quality very best; regular old-fashioned Grape Fruit flavor. Strong grower and regular and prolific bearer. We recommend this variety without the slightest hesitation as being one of the finest, also one of the hardiest varieties. Hangs on trees and keeps in prime condition until late spring or early summer.

**Hall** (*Hall's Silver Cluster*). Medium to large, nearly round. Good quality, heavy bearer, large bunches.

**Marsh Seedless.** Large size, slightly flattened; skin very smooth; heavy, juicy and of excellent quality. Nominally seedless, it generally has a limited number of seeds. Desirable.

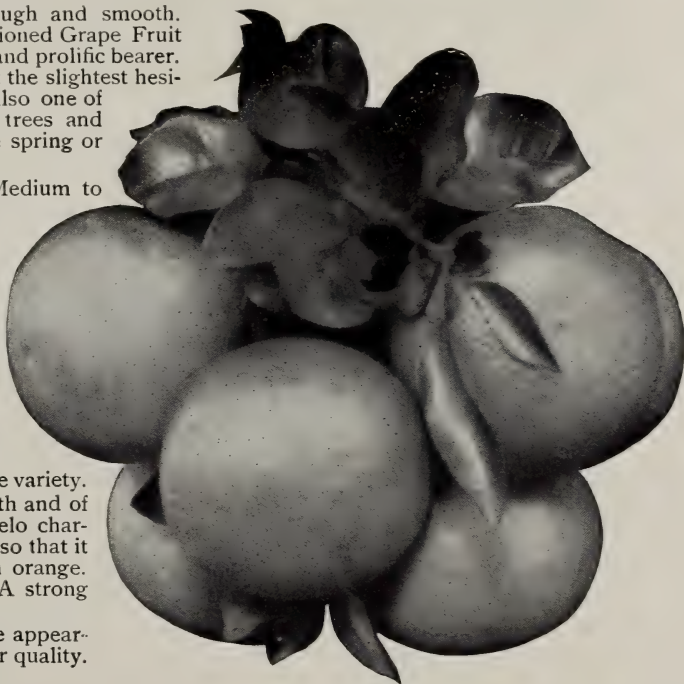
**Pernambuco.** Large size; skin smooth, light yellow; quality excellent. Introduced by United States Department of Agriculture from Pernambuco, Brazil. A fine late variety.

**Royal.** Medium size; skin smooth and of light yellow color. The bitter Pomelo characteristic is almost entirely lacking, so that it may be eaten out of hand like an orange. Quality good. Moderately early. A strong grower.

**Tresca.** Fruit of large size and fine appearance. Pulp rose-colored and of fair quality. Introduced from the Bahamas.

**Triumph.** Medium size; skin smooth; heavy; juicy, well-flavored; less bitter than some others. A strong grower, prolific.

**Woodworth.** Large size, smooth skin, light pomelo color. Entirely devoid of bitter pomelo



Duncan Pomeles

characteristic. Good flavor for eating out of hand. Supposed to be a cross between sweet orange and pomelo.

## CITRUS TRIFOLIATA

PRICES ON SEEDLINGS.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
8 to 12 inches .....	\$0 15	\$1 00	\$7 00	\$30 00
1 to 2 feet .....	20	1 50	10 00	50 00
2 to 3 feet .....	25	2 00	12 00	70 00

In the more northern orange-growing sections, where Jack Frost occasionally makes raids, it is necessary to take all possible precautions against his ravages. One way of doing this





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

is to plant trees budded upon *Citrus trifoliata* stock. The *Citrus trifoliata* is entirely hardy as far north as Washington, D. C., and all varieties of Citrus, when budded upon it, will stand more cold than upon any other stock. All varieties budded on it come into bearing at an extremely early age, and the fruit ripens up one to three weeks earlier in the season than the same variety on other stocks.

On account of its having been extensively used as a stock for trees grown in pots and tubs—for which it is particularly adapted—many people think that trees budded on it are very much dwarfed and slow of growth, but this is erroneous. In our test orchard, comprising some twenty odd varieties of Citrus—four trees of each, two on Sour and two on *Citrus trifoliata*, planted alternately—it would be practically impossible for any one not familiar with the arrangement to pick out trees of some varieties on *Citrus trifoliata* from those on Sour, while all of the trees on *Citrus trifoliata* have made good growth.

As a hedge plant, its vigor, hardiness and resistant qualities and stout, sharp thorns, make it especially valuable. It forms an impenetrable barrier to man and beast and, with proper care, can be made rabbit-proof.

## PEACHES

The Peach is a standard fruit, one for which there is a market demand that is probably equalled by only one or two other fruits. A very rare occurrence, indeed, that a person is found who does not relish it either for eating out of hand or served in some of the numerous ways in which it is capable of being made palatable.

It is one of the quickest of horticultural products to bring results. Trees planted during the winter months should commence bearing a year from the following spring or summer, according to the time of ripening of varieties planted.

Few fruits can be successfully grown under such varying conditions of climate and soil. With the proper selection of varieties, Peaches can be grown from within a few hundred miles of the northern boundary of the United States to south Florida and similar latitudes; in fact, even in the tropics, for we know of orchards in the West Indies consisting of Waldo, Jewel, Angel and other varieties of the Peen-to strain that have given excellent results. But it is in the cotton belt of the southern states and reaching down to central peninsular Florida that Peach-growing is most extensively and profitably carried on.

The expense of planting and caring for a Peach orchard is small as compared with many other fruits. Prices for trees are low, and the preparation of the land does not necessarily have to be as thorough as for many other fruits. The trees are easy to make live if first-class stock is planted.

Nothing is more disappointing to the orchardist than to plant a block of trees, bring them into bearing and then find that they are not true to name. We take especial pains to send out all Peaches true to name.

In planting Peaches, it must be borne in mind that it is of utmost importance that proper varieties are selected for the particular section in which they are to be grown. While a few varieties can be successfully grown over a more or less widely extended area, most varieties are limited in their range of adaptability.

There are several different classes or types of Peaches, as follows: *Persian*, which includes a large number of varieties most commonly grown in the North, and comparatively few of which are adapted to Florida or the Gulf-coast country. *Northern Chinese*, which includes Elberta and many other fine varieties adapted to most of the country generally spoken of as the "Cotton Belt," but with northern Florida as about the southern limit of adaptability. *Spanish*, which includes many native varieties that have originated in Florida and the Gulf-coast country, and which are for the most part fine Peaches, but better adapted to the latitude of north Florida than to that of south Florida. *Honey*, which includes the parent Honey and numerous varieties that have originated from it, the range of best adaptability being from half-way down the state of Florida northward to middle Georgia, and similar latitudes farther west to the Mexican border. *Peen to*, which includes the original tomato-shaped Peen-to, as well as the regular peach-shaped varieties that have originated from it, best adapted to Florida and similar semi-tropical and tropical latitudes,



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

*Oriental Bloods*, which include the Red Ceylon, adapted to the same range as the Peen-to type; and the Japan Dwarf Blood, adapted to the same range of territory as the Honey type.

### PRICES ON PEACHES.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
1-year, 2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 12	\$1 00	\$8 00	\$60 00
1-year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet .....	15	1 20	10 00	75 00
1-year, standard size, 4 to 6 feet .....	20	1 50	12 00	90 00

## LIST TO AID SELECTION

In assigning varieties to districts of wide area, there will be local exceptions, but the following lists are based on many years of somewhat extensive planting, experimenting, research and observation, and are as nearly accurate as we know how to make them.

**SUCCESSION OF RIPENING.**—The terms "very early," "early," "midseason" and "late," in the list below (as indicated to the right of each variety by the abbreviations "VE," "E," "M," "L") indicate the comparative ripening time of the variety.

**EXPLANATION OF LIST.**—The varieties best adapted and most valuable for market in a particular section are printed in capitals, thus: "ANGEL." Varieties next in order of merit are printed in small capitals, thus: "CLIMAX." Other varieties recommended are printed in lower-case type, thus: "Countess."

### LIST A.—Peaches for South Florida, West Indies and Other Subtropical and Tropical Sections

ANGEL	E.	FLORIDA GEM	E.	PEEN-TO	VE.
BIDWELL'S EARLY	VE.	GENERAL HARRISON	M.	Powers' September	L.
BIDWELL'S LATE	E.	Gibbons' October	L.	RED CEYLON	VE.
Cabler's Indian	M.	HALL'S YELLOW	E.	SUBER	VE.
CLIMAX	E.	HONEY	E.	TABER	E.
COLON	E.	IMPERIAL	E.	TRIANA	E.
Countess	M.	Japan Dwarf Blood	VE.	VICTOR	VE.
DOROTHY N.	M.	JEWEL	VE.	Victoria	L.
Estella	L.	MAGGIE	VE.	WALDO	VE.
Florida Crawford	M.	OVIDEO	E.		

### LIST B.—Peaches for Eastern North Florida

Admiral Dewey	VE.	FLORIDA GEM	E.	Pallas	E.
ANGEL	E.	FRANCES	M.	Peen-to	VE.
BIDWELL'S LATE	E.	GENERAL HARRISON	M.	POWERS' SEPTEMBER	L.
CABLER'S INDIAN	M.	GIBBONS' OCTOBER	L.	SUBER	VE.
CLIMAX	E.	HALL'S YELLOW	E.	TABER	E.
COLON	E.	HONEY	E.	Thurber	M.
COUNTLESS	M.	IMPERIAL	E.	TRIANA	E.
DOROTHY N.	M.	Japan Dwarf Blood	VE.	VICTOR	VE.
ESTELLA	L.	JEWEL	VE.	VICTORIA	L.
Everbearing	E. to L.	ONDERDONK	M.	WALDO	VE.
FLORIDA CRAWFORD	M.	OVIDEO	E.		

### LIST C.—Peaches for West Florida and Lower Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi

ADMIRAL DEWEY	VE.	Everbearing	E. to L.	MAYFLOWER	VE.
ALEXANDER	VE.	Fleitas	E.	ONDERDONK	M.
Angel	E.	FLORIDA CRAWFORD	M.	OVIDEO	E.
BEAUTY'S BLUSH	E.	FLORIDA GEM	E.	PALLAS	E.
BELLE OF GEORGIA	M.	FRANCES	M.	POWERS' SEPTEMBER	L.
CABLER'S INDIAN	M.	GENERAL LEE	M.	SNEED	VE.
CARMAN	E.	GIBBONS' OCTOBER	L.	TABER	E.
CHINESE CLING	M.	GREENSBORO	VE.	THURBER	M.
CLIMAX	E.	HONEY	E.	TRIANA	E.
COLON	E.	IMPERIAL	E.	TRIUMPH	VE.
COUNTLESS	M.	Japan Dwarf Blood	VE.	VICTOR	VE.
CRAWFORD'S EARLY	E.	JESSIE KERR	VE.	VICTORIA	L.
CRAWFORD'S LATE	M.	Jewel	VE.	Waddell	E.
ELBERTA	M.	MAMIE ROSS	E.	Waldo	VE.
ESTELLA	L.	MATTHEWS' BEAUTY	L.		



Angel Peaches

**LIST D.—Peaches for Coastwise Texas and Louisiana**

ADMIRAL DEWEY	VE.	ESTELLA	L.	MATTHEWS' BEAUTY	M.
ALEXANDER	VE.	Everbearing	E. to L.	ONDERDONK	M.
ANGEL	E.	Fleitas	E.	OVIEDO	E.
BEAUTY'S BLUSH	E.	FLORIDA CRAWFORD	M.	PALLAS	E.
BELLE OF GEORGIA	M.	FLORIDA GEM	E.	POWERS' SEPTEMBER	L.
BIDWELL'S LATE	E.	FRANCES	M.	SNEED	VE.
CABLER'S INDIAN	M.	GENERAL LEE	M.	TABER	E.
CARMAN	E.	GIBBONS' OCTOBER	L.	THURBER	M.
CHINESE CLING	M.	GREENSBORO	VE.	TRIANA	E.
CLIMAX	E.	HONEY	E.	TRIUMPH	VE.
COLON	E.	IMPERIAL	E.	VICTOR	VE.
COUNTESS	M.	Japan Dwarf Blood	VE.	VICTORIA	L.
Crawford's Early	E.	JESSIE KERR	VE.	Waddell	E.
Crawford's Late	M.	JEWEL	VE.	WALDO	VE.
ELBERTA	M.	MAMIE ROSS	E.		

**LIST E.—Peaches for Other Sections of the United States**

Adapted to most of the Peach sections of the country outside of the regions previously listed.

ADMIRAL DEWEY	VE.	Estella	L.	Onderdonk	M.
ALEXANDER	VE.	Everbearing	E. to L.	Oviedo	E.
BEAUTY'S BLUSH	E.	FLEITAS	E.	Pallas	E.
BELLE OF GEORGIA	M.	Florida Gem	E.	Powers' September	L.
Cabler's Indian	M.	FRANCES	M.	SNEED	VE.
CARMAN	E.	GENERAL LEE	M.	Taber	E.
Chinese Cling	M.	Gibbons' October	L.	THURBER	M.
Climax	E.	GREENSBORO	VE.	Triana	E.
Colon	E.	Imperial	E.	TRIUMPH	VE.
Countess	M.	JESSIE KERR	VE.	VICTOR	VE.
CRAWFORD'S EARLY	E.	MAMIE ROSS	E.	Victoria	L.
CRAWFORD'S LATE	M.	Matthews' Beauty	M.	Waddell	E.
ELBERTA	M.				

**VARIETIES OF PEACHES DESCRIBED**

For adaptability to any given section, consult lists printed on pages 11 and 12.

The abbreviations in parentheses below, following the names of varieties, indicate the race to which they belong. Thus, (Sp.) means that the variety belongs to the Spanish race; (Per.), to the Persian race; (N. C.), Northern Chinese; (Hon.), Honey; (P.-to), Peen-to; (O. B.), Oriental Bloods. The dates given for the usual time of ripening are based on northern Florida.





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

**Admiral Dewey.** (Per.) Fruit of good size; skin deep orange-yellow, with crimson cheek; flesh clear yellow to the stone, juicy, melting, vinous; quality very good. June 1 to 10.

**Alexander.** (Per.) Large; highly colored; flesh greenish white, juicy, vinous, of fair quality; cling. One of the earliest of the Persian type. About June 1.

**Angel.** (P.-to.) Large, roundish, slightly pointed; skin yellow, highly washed with red; exceedingly handsome; the flesh is white, melting, juicy, mild subacid, of exquisite flavor, and entirely devoid of the bitter almond or noyau flavor characteristic of the parent Peen-to and most of its seedlings; perfect freestone. June 20 to 30. The trees come into bearing while very young, and are exceedingly prolific. Blooms a month later than Peen-to, thus obviating danger from frosts in many sections. Very valuable.

**Belle of Georgia.** (N. C.) Very large; skin white, with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor; fruit uniformly large and showy; free. Rapid grower, prolific. July 1 to 15.

**Bidwell Early.** (P.-to.) A seedling of the Peen-to. Shape roundish oblong, with short, recurved point; size medium; skin creamy white, washed with carmine; flesh fine-grained, melting, juicy and sweet, with slight noyau flavor; clingstone. Matures about the same time as Peen-to, but continues during a longer period; one of the most satisfactory Peaches to grow.

**Bidwell Late.** (P.-to.) A seedling of Peen-to, originated at Orlando, Fla., and the best of the "Bidwell" varieties. Shape nearly round; size large; color yellowish white; flesh fine-grained, sweet and juicy; clingstone. Matures about three weeks later than Peen-to. Quality excellent. This has proved a sure bearer farther north in Florida than most other varieties of the same origin.

**Cabler Indian.** (Sp.) Medium size; skin mottled in shades of deep purple; flesh purple, with deeper purple veins; rich subacid; cling; very fine. July 15 to 25. Of Texas origin, and decided Indian type.

**Carman.** (N. C.) Of large size, resembling Elberta in shape; skin creamy white or pale yellow, with deep blush; flesh tender and of fine flavor, juicy; freestone. Prolific bearer and profitable market variety. June 10 to 20.

**Chinese Cling.** (N. C.) Very large, globular; skin yellowish white, sometimes washed with red; flesh white, red at the stone, rich, vinous, excellent. Ripens July 5 to 15.

**Climax.** (Hon.) A seedling of the Honey, possessing many of the characteristics of its

parent, but larger, and about ten days later. Vigorous grower and heavy bearer; fruit of good appearance; size medium, round, slightly oblong, with recurved point; color pale yellow, washed with red; flesh yellowish white, fine-grained, melting, sweet and sprightly; quality excellent; freestone. June 25 to July 5.

**Colon.** (Hon.) Large, roundish oblong; skin white, overspread with red; flesh white, streaked with red, sometimes almost solid red; very juicy, subacid, high flavored, delicious; freestone. June 15 to 25. Remarkable among Honey derivatives for its snap and tone. Good grower and prolific. Introduced by ourselves in 1893-94.

**Countess.** (Sp.) Large to very large, nearly round; skin white; flesh white, tender, melting, juicy, vinous; excellent; free. Tree a very strong grower. Ripens July 15 to 20.

**Crawford Early.** (Per.) Large; yellow, red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy and rich; free. End of June. A valuable market variety for northern and central U. S. peach-growing sections.

**Crawford Late.** (Per.) Large; skin yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, fine quality; free. Last of July. An old and very popular variety for marketing or canning.

**Dorothy N.** (P.-to.) This variety, originated in Lake county, Fla., is a seedling of Angel, and is a remarkably handsome Peach of large size, fine quality and a perfect freestone; shape nearly round; flesh yellow, rich subacid, of very fine flavor. Ripens July 5 to 15. The tree is a heavy bearer. A valuable variety for southern and central Florida.

**Elberta.** (N. C.) Very large; yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy and high flavored; free. July 5 to 20. One of the finest and most valuable varieties, and perhaps more largely planted than any other one variety in America. Succeeds in west Florida and throughout a wide range of territory northward, but not in south Florida.

**Estella.** (Sp.) Almost round, very large; skin yellow or greenish yellow, with full red cheek; flesh yellow; freestone. Tree vigorous and very productive. Ripens September 1 to 10, just when there is but little southern fruit in market. Originated in west Florida.

**Everbearing.** (Sp.) Commences to bear about July 1 and produces successive crops until about September 1. The fruit is creamy white, mottled and striped with light purple and pink veins; oblong shape, tapering to the apex. Flesh white, with red veins; very juicy, vinous and of excellent quality; freestone. Not recommended for commercial planting.



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

**Florida Crawford.** (Sp.) Large, roundish oblong; suture distinct, but shallow; skin yellow, red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy, melting, of rich, vinous flavor; quality best; free. July 15 to 25. A good canning Peach.

**Florida Gem.** (Hon.) A Honey seedling of large size; roundish oblong, pointed; highly colored; flesh sweet, rich, juicy, red at the stone; very fine; free. July 1 to 10. One of the most valuable market varieties of Honey strain.

**Frances.** (N. C.) Large size, with ridge on one side, which terminates in point at blossom end. Color of skin almost entirely red; flesh greenish yellow, slightly red at pit; quality first-class; free. Ripens just after Elberta.

**General Harrison.** Originated by Mr. C. W. Harrison, Cocoa, Fla. Size medium to large; shape somewhat like Honey seedlings, but without long point. Color light yellow, overlaid beautifully with red. A very handsome Peach. Flesh white. Quality good. July. Cling. Heavy bearer and good grower.

**General Lee.** (N. C.) Very large; skin creamy white, shaded with red; flesh juicy and highly flavored; quality best; cling. July 5 to 15. A good market variety.

**Gibbons' October.** (Sp.) A medium to large freestone, in quality unexcelled by any extremely late Peach that ripens this far south. September 25 to October 15. A native seedling. Tree vigorous and handsome.

**Greensboro.** (Per.) Originated in North Carolina and is being extensively planted in the central South. Of good size, nearly round; skin highly colored, bright red over yellow; flesh white, very juicy, and of fine quality. Semicling. Ripens about June 1. A very valuable early market variety.

**Hall's Yellow.** (P.-to.) Large size, nearly round; yellow washed with red; flesh yellow, red at stone, from which it parts freely. Quality good. Ripens middle to latter part of June.

**Honey.** (Hon.) Medium size, oval, compressed, with deep suture on one side, extending more than half way round, and terminating in a sharp, peculiar, recurved point; skin whitish yellow, washed and marbled with red in the sun; flesh creamy white, fine, juicy, melting, with peculiar honeyed, rich, sweet flavor; quality excellent; free. June 5 to 20.

**Imperial.** (Hon.) Very large, roundish, oblong; skin greenish yellow, washed with red; flesh white, sweet, juicy, of excellent flavor and good tone; quality best; free. June 25 to July 5. Originated by ourselves.

**Japan Dwarf Blood.** (O.B.) A blood freestone of good size and appearance and fair quality. Ripens earlier than Alexander. A dwarf-growing stocky tree.

**Jessie Kerr.** (Per.) A freestone, larger and earlier than Alexander, which it resembles in tree and fruit. Preferred to the latter by many orchardists. Adapted to the same sections as the Alexander.

**Jewel.** (P.-to.) Medium to large, roundish oblong; skin highly colored, very red on sunny side. Flesh yellowish white, red at stone, juicy, melting, sweet, and of excellent quality; free. Ripens about a fortnight earlier than Waldo or Peen-to. Does not overbear as is apt to be the case with Waldo. Good shipper. Tree very vigorous and healthy. On account of its extreme earliness, good size, fine appearance, and excellent quality, it is a very valuable market sort for Florida and subtropical and tropical latitudes. The most popular variety in Florida, where it is now planted to a much greater extent than any other one kind.

**Maggie.** (P.-to.) Size medium; roundish oblong; skin yellowish white, washed with carmine; flesh fine-grained, sweet, juicy and melting; sub-cling. Ripens about with the Peen-to. Very much like Bidwell's Early in appearance, time of ripening and other qualities.

**Mamie Ross.** (N. C.) A seedling of the Chinese Cling, which it much resembles. Fruit almost as large as the Chinese Cling; white, nearly covered with delicate carmine; flesh white, juicy and of good quality. A regular and prolific bearer. June 15. Popular throughout Texas, where it is esteemed the finest early cling.

**Matthew Beauty.** (N. C.) The fruit is of large size, shaped similar to Elberta, but a little longer; skin golden yellow, streaked with red; flesh firm, yellow and of excellent flavor. Ripens two to three weeks later than Elberta.

**Mayflower.** (Per.) Large; well colored; red all over; of fine quality; cling. Ripens four or five days earlier than Sneed. A very promising variety. Its earliness, high color, excellent quality, are strong points in its favor.

**Onderdonk.** (Sp.) Large; skin and flesh yellow; very juicy and sweet. Free. Last of July. Originated in Texas. Possesses a valuable combination of quality, appearance and productiveness. A good midseason variety.

**Oviedo.** (Hon.) Medium to large; roundish oblong, with a short, recurved point; highly colored; flesh light, streaked with red, very firm; good flavor; free. Early in July. Seedling of Honey.





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

**Pallas.** (Hon.) Good size, nearly round; deep red, dotted with salmon and tipped with light yellow at the base and apex; flesh white, fine-grained, melting, with a rich vinous aroma; quality excellent; free. June 20 to 30. Seedling of Honey. Succeeds well along the Gulf coast from Florida to southern Texas.

**Peen-to.** (P.-to.) A very curiously formed Peach, resembling in shape a small, flat turnip, both ends being flattened, and at the pit also partaking of the same shape. The color of the Peach is a greenish white, beautifully washed with red in the sun, and when allowed to thoroughly ripen on the tree, the fruit changes from its shade of light green to a most delicate waxen yellow. Flesh pale yellow, sweet, rich, juicy and of fine flavor, sometimes possessing a slight noyau tang, which is barely noticeable, however, when the trees are liberally fertilized and highly cultivated; cling; stone remarkably small. Ripens in this locality from May 20 to June 1. A favorite with many south Florida orchardists. This variety, together with the seedlings which have originated from it, are the most tropical in character of all varieties listed.

**Powers' September.** (Sp.) Fruit of medium size and good quality; flesh white, free. Sept. 1 to 15. The tree is a good grower. A native variety of value on account of its lateness.

**Red Ceylon.** (O. B.) A good-sized fruit of dull green color; flesh blood-red to the stone, from which it separates freely. It is not first-class to eat out of hand, as it is too acid to suit most tastes, but it is a most excellent fruit for cooking, being possessed of a peculiar flavor when cooked, suggesting prunelles. Ripens in June. This Peach is as unique in its way as the Peen-to and of an even more semi-tropical character. Tree a heavy and annual bearer in south Florida.

**Sneed.** (N. C.) Very early, averaging eight to ten days earlier than Alexander. Fruit of medium size, somewhat oval in shape; color creamy white, with rich, red blush on sunny side; ripens evenly to the pit; flesh white, very free and juicy; semi-cling. Of fine quality and not subject to rot, as are so many of the early varieties. A seedling of the Chinese cling, it has the vigor of its parent in tree growth and fruit-buds.

**Suber.** (P.-to.) Seedling of the Peen-to, originated at Lake Helen in southern Volusia county. It has been quite extensively grown for shipment by the growers of Lake Helen, by whom it is highly esteemed. Its description is not materially different from Bidwell's Early, except that it is larger, firmer and a little more acid

than the latter. The tree is a vigorous grower and a satisfactory bearer, and the fruit brings a high price in market.

**Taber.** (Hon.) Large, roundish, oblong, pointed; skin white, overspread with red; flesh white, streaked with red; firm, very juicy, rich subacid; of fine quality; cling. June 15 to 25. A seedling of Honey, a heavy bearer, and one of the best varieties that we have originated. Valuable for canning.

**Thurber.** (N. C.) Large to very large; skin white, with light crimson mottlings; flesh juicy; vinous and of delicate aroma; texture exceedingly fine; free. Middle of July. Resembles Chinese Cling in size and color. One of the best of its class.

**Triana.** (Hon.) Medium to large, roundish oblong, slightly pointed; skin white, overspread with red; flesh white, with red markings, rich, juicy, very sweet and of remarkably fine flavor; freestone. Ripens June 25 to July 5. We consider this variety, originated and introduced by ourselves several years ago, as one of the very best varieties originated from the Honey.

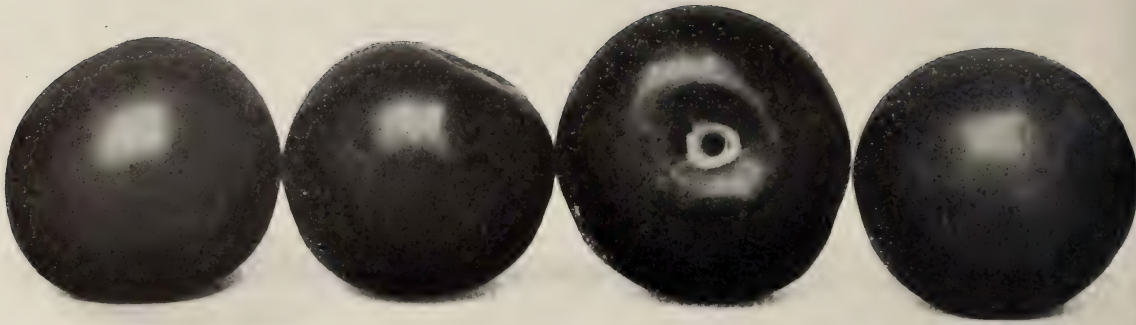
**Triumph.** (Per.) Ripens with Alexander, blooms late. The tree makes a strong growth, bears young, and yields abundantly. The fruit is of large size, with very small pit. Skin yellow, nearly covered with red, dark crimson in the sun. Flesh bright yellow, free when fully ripe, and of excellent flavor.

**Victor.** (N. C. and Sp.) Fruit medium to large, of pleasant subacid flavor; semi-cling. May 8 to 16. The tree is a vigorous, compact grower, and a heavy annual bearer. The originator claims that it is uniformly ten days earlier than Sneed, which makes it undoubtedly the earliest variety in existence. Texas origin.

**Victoria.** (Sp.) Very large, nearly round; skin yellow; flesh yellow, juicy, sweet and of excellent flavor; free. August 5 to 10. One of the best varieties of native origin, well worthy of a place in every southern Peach orchard. Valuable for cooking and canning.

**Waldo.** (P.-to.) Medium size, roundish, oblong; skin highly colored, varying from light salmon to dark red on side next the sun; flesh yellowish white, red at the stone, juicy, melting, sweet, of good quality; free. Ripens with the Peen-to. A seedling of Peen-to, supposed to be crossed with Honey. Waldo is not only a free and regular bearer, but it is also a high-colored, attractive fruit. Very valuable for Florida, gives excellent satisfaction in Mexico, the gulf-coast section of Texas, in lower Louisiana, and has given good results in the West Indian Islands.





Excelsior Plums, natural size

## PLUMS

In the extreme South, particularly in central and south Florida, southern Texas, and, in fact, all along the Gulf coast, the pure-bred Japanese varieties have not been good bearers, consequently were not generally profitable. But cross-bred varieties—Japanese varieties crossed with native varieties—have proven heavy annual bearers. These cross-bred varieties have made commercial Plum-growing not only possible, but worthy the attention of fruit-growers even in south Florida and northern Mexico. Of these cross-bred Plums, we can heartily recommend Excelsior and Terrell. These are excellent kinds and heavy bearers.

**PRICES ON PLUMS.**—On Marianna stock. (Excelsior on peach stock only.)

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
1-year, small size, 2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 15	\$1 30	\$10 00	\$75 00
1-year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet .....	20	1 70	12 00	90 00
1-year, standard size, 4 to 6 feet .....	25	2 00	16 00	130 00
1-year, extra size, 6 feet up .....	30	2 50	20 00	

**Abundance.** Medium to large; round, with pointed apex; skin greenish yellow ground, overlaid with dull purplish carmine; flesh light greenish yellow, juicy and sweet, with a touch of subacid and slight apricot flavor; pit small; cling; quality best. Strong-growing, upright, prolific. This is one of the most popular and profitable early sorts in the Plum-growing sections of the North, and over a wide area in the lower South.

**Bartlett.** New. We obtained this variety direct from Mr. Burbank. He describes it as follows: "Bartlett is the king for flavor; it out-Bartletts the Bartlett pear in exquisitely perfumed flesh; bears when two years old."

**Burbank.** The fruit is usually from 5 to 5½ inches in circumference, varying less in size than the other Japanese Plums; it is nearly globular; clear cherry-red, sometimes showing yellow dots, or even marbled with a thin lilac bloom; flesh deep yellow, firm and meaty rich and sugary, with a peculiar and very agreeable flavor; cling. Tree unusually vigorous, with strong, upright shoots and large, rather broad leaves. A very popular variety, both North and South.

**Chabot.** Fruit large, about 2 inches in diameter, oblong-conical; skin pink-red, with many

very fine gold dots; flesh yellow, very solid, rather acid; quality very good; cling.

**Excelsior.** This variety, originated by ourselves in 1887 and first offered to the public in the winter of 1891-92, is worthy of extended notice. It originated from Kelsey seed, but shows decided evidence of being crossed with some variety of the Chickasaw type. The tree is a remarkably rapid, strong grower and bears annually and abundantly. Fruit medium to large, 1½ inches in diameter, nearly round, no suture, color deep, solid wine-red, with heavy light bluish bloom; stem short, skin firm and without astringency; flesh firm, yellowish, with reddish color near the pit; quality fine; cling-stone. The earliest Plum to ripen in Florida; about June 1. Very handsome; fine shipper.

After many years of experimenting with numerous varieties of Plums, we do not hesitate to say that Excelsior and Terrell are the most satisfactory varieties for planting throughout the length and breadth of Florida, and throughout the Gulf-coast country, westward to the Rio Grande river. They are, in fact, adapted to all the southern states, and good results have been obtained from Excelsior as far north as Delaware. While adapted to this extreme range of latitude, we particularly recommend



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

them for the extreme South, as it is to the semi-tropical climates that a lesser number of fine varieties are adapted.

**Kelsey.** Fruit very large, from 7 to 9 inches in circumference, heart-shaped, long-pointed, usually somewhat lop-sided, with deep, furrow-like suture; skin greenish yellow, sometimes overspread with bright red, with a lovely blue bloom; very showy; flesh light yellow, firm, meaty, and of pleasant flavor; quality excellent; free. Bears heavily, coming in young.

**Persian Purple-leaved** (*Prunus Pissardii*). Fruit medium to large, round; crimson inside and out; quality good, possessing a very decided cherry flavor. June. Tree a good grower; chiefly planted as an ornamental. Most desirable of the purple-leaved trees, retaining its vivid purple foliage until late in the season.

**Red June** (*Red Nagate*). Fruit medium to large, cordate and very prominently elongated at the apex; suture deep, generally lop-sided; deep vermilion-red all over, with a handsome bloom; very showy; flesh light yellow or

whitish; firm and moderately juicy, not stringy, slightly subacid to sweetish, of good, pleasant quality, cling to half-cling; pit small. Tree vigorous, productive.

**Satsuma.** Fruit medium to large, broadly conical, with a blunt, short point, suture very deep; skin very dark and dull red all over, with greenish dots and an under-color of brown-red; firm, very juicy; quality good; free. Flesh so firm and solid as to enable it to be kept long in fine condition after being picked. It is grand for preserving, and a grand keeper for the retail trade.

**Wickson.** Large, deep maroon-red; of the Kelsey type. Long-cordate or oblong-pointed; flesh firm, deep amber-yellow, clinging to the small pit. There is apt to be a hollow space about the pit. Of first quality. An excellent keeper. A cross of Burbank with Kelsey, Burbank furnishing the seed. A good grower and heavy bearer. One of the most valuable in the Plum-growing sections in the North, also good in lower South.

## TERRELL PLUM

**PRICES ON TERRELL PLUM.**—On peach stock only.

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year, small size, 2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$13 00
1-year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet.....	30	2 50	16 00
1-year, standard size, 4 to 6 feet.....	40	3 00	20 00

**TERRELL.** This is probably a seedling of Excelsior. The tree is a strong, healthy grower, very similar in character of growth to Excelsior and also like Excelsior in that it is a heavy annual bearer. The fruit is of large size,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches in diameter; nearly round, slightly ribbed at suture, terminating in blunt point. Color at maturity a beautiful reddish yellow, somewhat mottled, covered with purplish bloom; assumes a wine-red when fully ripe. Flesh greenish yellow, meaty, sweet, toned with sufficient acidity to give a fine flavor, juicy; quality excellent; pit very small; clingstone. We have no hesitancy in recommending the Terrell as one of the finest varieties, if not the finest variety, for all parts of Florida and the Gulf-coast country.

## PEARS

Pear-blight, now present in nearly all parts of the country, has proven to be a serious drawback in pear-growing. As a result the market prices have greatly advanced, and when a crop of pears is secured it is a paying crop.

By careful attention to pruning, fertilizing, cultivation and selection of varieties, pears can be grown successfully. Varieties of the Oriental group are best adapted to the lower South and these are the only ones we offer to the trade. Such varieties as Le Conte, Smith and Magnolia are little troubled by blight, while Kieffer is practically immune when properly cared for.

**PRICES ON PEARS.**

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
1-year, small size, 2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 15	\$1 30	\$10 00	\$75 00
1-year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet.....	20	1 50	12 00	90 00
1-year, standard size, 4 to 6 feet.....	25	2 00	15 00	120 00
1-year, extra size, 6 feet up.....	30	2 50	20 00	150 00





Hachiya Persimmon,  $\frac{2}{3}$  natural size

**Kieffer.** Fruit large to very large; color yellow, with bright vermilion cheek, very handsome; flesh very juicy, brittle, a little coarse but of good quality. September and October. The trees should not be allowed to overbear while young, which they are inclined to do; extremely prolific and very valuable. Supposed cross between the Chinese Sand and the Bartlett.

**Le Conte.** Large to very large, pyriform in shape; skin smooth, pale yellow; when properly handled the quality is good. Early July. The tree is a remarkably vigorous grower, with luxuriant foliage; extremely prolific and an annual bearer. It seems to adapt itself more readily than any other variety to radically different conditions of soil and climate. In sections of the South where few other Pears are satisfactory, Le Conte seems to have found its home. Supposed cross between the Chinese Sand and some cultivated variety.

**Magnolia.** Described by its introducers as large to very large, slightly pyriform, basin narrow and shallow. Color when ripe solid glossy reddish brown. Flavor sprightly and good, a commingling of sweet and sour very agreeable and refreshing. Matures later than Kieffer and is a better keeper.

**Smith (Smith's Hybrid).** Uniformly large and perfect, very smooth and handsome; similar in form and color to the Le Conte, melting and juicy, with smooth, creamy texture; quality very good when properly ripened. Ripens with or just ahead of the Le Conte. An early annual and prolific bearer. Tree equals the Le Conte in luxuriant growth.

## JAPAN PERSIMMONS

Persimmons are easily grown, have few enemies and are prolific bearers. The fruit stands shipment well, is large, strikingly handsome and to most palates very delicious. When properly handled, properly marketed, displayed on fruit-stands at just the right stage of ripeness, its exceptional beauty and unusual flavor command good, in fact often fancy, prices.

Some of the varieties have dark flesh, others light flesh, still others a mixture of the two. The light and the dark flesh differ radically in texture and consistency, as well as appearance, and, when found in the same fruit, are never blended, but always distinct. The dark flesh is never astringent; the light flesh is astringent until it softens. The dark-fleshed fruit is crisp and meaty like an apple, and is edible before it matures. Some of the entirely dark-fleshed kinds improve as they soften. The light-fleshed kinds, and those with mixed light and dark flesh, are very delicious when they reach the custard-like consistency of full ripeness. In some, the astringency disappears as the fruit begins to soften; in others, it persists until the fruit is fully ripe. Seeds accompany the dark flesh. Light-fleshed kinds are seedless. Those with mixed flesh have seeds in proportion to the quantity of dark flesh. Time of ripening, August to December.

### PRICES ON PERSIMMONS.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
Medium size, 2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 20	\$1 50	\$12 00	\$110 00
Standard size, 3 to 4 feet.....	25	2 00	15 00	140 00
Extra size, 4 to 5 feet.....	30	2 50	20 00	160 00
2 years, branched.....	50	4 00	35 00	



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

**Costata.** Medium size, conical, pointed, somewhat four-sided; diameter  $2\frac{1}{8}$  inches longitudinally and  $2\frac{3}{8}$  inches transversely; skin salmon-yellow; flesh light yellow, dark flesh and seeds occurring seldom; astringent until ripe, then very fine; one of the latest to ripen; a good keeper. Tree distinct; a rapid, upright grower; foliage luxuriant.

**Hachiya.** Very large, oblong, conical, with short point; very showy; diameter  $3\frac{3}{4}$  inches longitudinally and  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches transversely; skin dark bright red, with occasional dark spots or blotches and rings at the apex; flesh deep yellow, sometimes having occasional dark streaks, with seed. Astringent until ripe, then very fine. The largest and handsomest of all. Tree vigorous and shapely.

**Hyakume.** Large to very large, varying from roundish oblong to roundish oblate, but always somewhat flattened at both ends; generally slightly depressed at the point opposite the stem; diameter  $2\frac{3}{4}$  inches longitudinally and  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches transversely; skin light buffish yellow, nearly always marked with rings and veins at the apex; flesh dark brown, sweet, crisp and meaty, not astringent; good while still hard. The tree is of good growth and a free bearer.

**Okame.** Large roundish oblate, with well-defined quarter marks, point not depressed; diameter  $2\frac{3}{8}$  inches longitudinally and  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches transversely; skin orange-yellow, changing to brilliant carmine, with delicate bloom and waxy, translucent appearance; light clear flesh when ripe, with light brown center around the seeds, of which it has several; loses its astringency as soon as it begins to ripen; quality fine. Tree vigorous and a good bearer.

**Taber's No. 23.** Medium, oblate, flat or depressed point, diameter  $1\frac{1}{8}$  inches longitudinally and  $2\frac{3}{8}$  inches transversely; skin rather dark red, with peculiar stipple marks; flesh dark brown, sweet and free from astringency; seedly; good. Prolific.

**Taber's No. 129.** Medium roundish, flattened at base; has a small but well-defined point at the apex; diameter about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches both ways; skin dark yellow-red, with peculiar roughened surface, somewhat resembling alligator leather in appearance and markings, except that the marks are usually very small and uniform; flesh light brown, crisp, sweet, meaty, free from astringency; excellent; a good keeper and shipper. Vigorous, prolific, regular bearer.

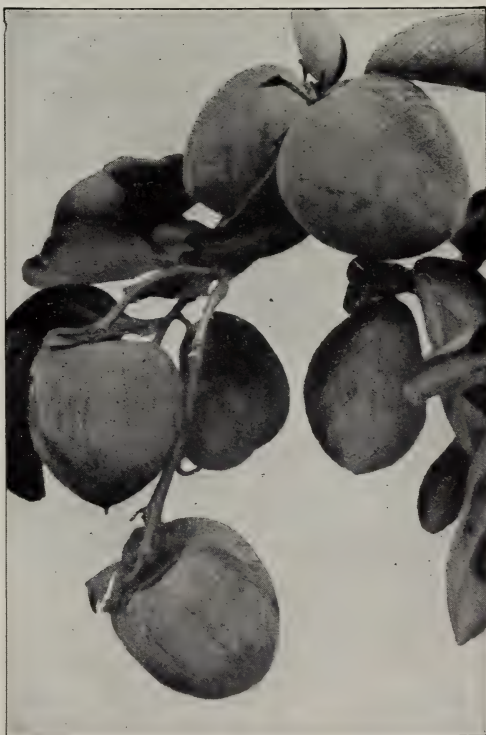
**Tane-Nashi.** Large to very large, roundish, conical, pointed, very smooth and symmetrical; diameter  $3\frac{1}{4}$  inches longitudinally and  $3\frac{3}{8}$  inches transversely; skin light yellow, changing

to bright red at full maturity; flesh yellow and seedless; quality very fine; perhaps the most highly esteemed of the light-fleshed kinds. Tree is vigorous and bears well. One of the most desirable market varieties.

**Triumph.** Medium, tomato-shaped; skin yellow; flesh yellow; generally has a few seeds; very productive; quality of the best. Ripens from September until November.

**Tsuru.** Large, slender, pointed; longest in proportion to its size of all; diameter  $3\frac{3}{8}$  inches longitudinally and  $2\frac{3}{8}$  inches transversely; skin bright red; flesh orange-yellow, some dark flesh around the very few seeds; astringent until fully ripe, then the quality is good. The latest of all to ripen. Tree vigorous; good bearer.

**Yeddo-Ichi.** Large, oblate; diameter  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches longitudinally and 3 inches transversely; very smooth and regular in outline, with dented appearing surface and slight depression at end opposite the stem; skin darker red than most



Tane-Nashi Persimmons





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

varieties, with heavy bloom; flesh very dark brown verging toward purplish; sweet rich, crisp; in quality one of the best. The fruit is good to eat when still hard. The tree is a heavy bearer and exceedingly thrifty.

**Yemon.** Large, flat, tomato-shaped, somewhat four-sided; diameter  $2\frac{1}{4}$  inches longitudinally and  $3\frac{1}{4}$  inches transversely; skin light yellow, changing to a dull red, mottled with orange-yellow; distinct in color; flesh deep, dull red, brown around the seeds, of which there are usually a few. Some specimens are

entirely light-fleshed and seedless; there is no astringency after the fruit begins to soften; quality fine; one of the best. In form some of the fruits have the corrugations converging to the depressed apex, as is usually figured, but most do not. Tree vigorous and prolific.

**Zengi.** The smallest of all; round or roundish oblate; diameter  $1\frac{3}{4}$  inches longitudinally and  $2\frac{1}{4}$  inches transversely; skin yellowish red; flesh very dark, quality good; seedy; edible when still hard; one of the earliest to ripen. Vigorous and exceedingly prolific.



Celestial Figs

## FIGS

Throughout the Gulf-coast country and a large part of Georgia and the Carolinas, Figs grow well and bear abundantly. In fact, with slight protection during winter they can be grown and will fruit satisfactorily far outside the region in which they are generally supposed to succeed. They can be grown with good results in the West Indies, Mexico, Central America, and in many parts of South America.

No fruit is more valuable in the southern fruit-garden than the Fig, and in some sections a remunerative industry in Fig-canning has been built up. This industry is capable of still larger developments and worthy of more attention than it has hitherto received.

### PRICES ON FIGS.

	Each	Per 10	100
Small size, 1 to 2 feet .....	\$0 15	\$1 30	\$10 00
Medium size, 2 to 3 feet .....	20	1 60	14 00
Standard size, 3 to 4 feet .....	25	2 00	18 00
Extra size, 4 to 5 feet .....	40	3 00	25 00

**Blue Genoa.** Medium to large size; skin bluish black; quality good. Tree a strong grower and good bearer.

**Brunswick.** Very large, color violet; quality excellent. Very reliable. One of the latest to ripen.



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

**Black Ischia.** Size medium to large ; color of skin bluish black, almost entirely covered with delicate bluish bloom ; quality good ; strong grower, heavy bearer and quite hardy.

**Celestial.** Medium to small ; color of skin violet, very sweet and of excellent quality. Tree very vigorous and a heavy annual bearer. One of the hardiest ; reliable further north than most other varieties. Commences ripening in June and continues for about two months.

**Green Ischia.** Medium to large size ; green, with crimson pulp. Very good and prolific. Ripens midsummer.

**Lemon.** Light greenish yellow skin ; pulp is sweet and of excellent quality. An early and heavy bearer.

**White Adriatic.** Large-sized ; skin thin, greenish white ; pulp crimson. Very sweet. One of our favorites. A prolific medium- to late-ripening sort.

## POMEGRANATES

The Pomegranate is quite hardy throughout the Gulf states and coastal sections of Georgia and the Carolinas. It is a large shrub or small tree, very graceful in form and foliage, producing a profusion of strikingly brilliant and lovely scarlet flowers ; it bears young, is prolific, and the fruit possesses a fresh crispness, delicacy and sprightliness of flavor much esteemed by all who know it. It should be more generally planted.

**PRICES ON POMEGRANATES.—On own roots.**

	Each	Per 10	100
1 to 2 feet .....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$16 00
2 to 3 feet .....	30	2 50	20 00
3 to 5 feet .....	40	3 50	30 00

**Purple-seeded.** Large ; rind thin ; juice-cells surrounding the seeds (the edible portion of the fruit) dark ruby or wine-color ; sprightly, vinous, and of the best quality.

**Rhoda.** This variety was brought to our attention by one of our employees, on whose place it has been growing for some years. We have named it in honor of his wife. The fruit is of large size ; rind thin but tough ; juice-cells large and of beautiful wine-color ; crisp, sweet and of exquisite flavor. One of the best we have ever seen.

**Sweet.** One of the best of the Pomegranates, as commonly grown.



Rhoda Pomegranates

## MULBERRIES

While Mulberries are of little value for commercial purposes or table use, there are nevertheless several purposes for which they are admirably suited and of decided value. They form an economic food for poultry and swine, and for tolling birds away from other fruits there is nothing else so effective.





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

PRICES ON MULBERRIES.—On Mulberry stock.

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year, small size, 2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 15	\$1 20	\$10 00
1-year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet.....	20	1 50	12 00
1-year, standard size, 4 to 6 feet.....	25	2 00	16 00
1-year, extra size, 6 feet up.....	30	2 50	20 00

**Downing.** A subacid berry of good quality; strong, upright grower, with beautiful foliage; valuable as a shade tree, as well as for its fruit.

**Hicks.** Fruit sweet; tree grows rapidly and bears young; productive; should be grown by every farmer who keeps swine or poultry, this variety being of special value for this purpose; continues in bearing four months of the year.

**Stubbs.** A form of the native red Mulberry, discovered in Laurens county, Georgia, some years ago. Large, black; vinous; excellent; very prolific. The fruit, which is from 1½ to 2 inches long, is greatly superior to that produced by any of the cultivated varieties. Tree vigorous and handsome.

**Townsend.** A new variety, which on account of its extreme earliness we have deemed worthy of propagation. Berries of medium size and fair quality. Brought to our attention by one of our employees of that name, on whose place it had been growing for years. Should be



Stubbs Mulberry

planted where birds are apt to ruin other early fruits. March and April.

**Multicaulis** (*Morus multicaulis*). The Silkworm Tree. A very vigorous tree, extensively used for purposes of propagation, for shade and for feeding silkworms.

## APPLES

While the Gulf region is not recommended for extensive Apple orchards for commercial purposes, yet in localities, particularly in its upper edge, some varieties are successfully grown. Our list embraces those which succeed best farther south.

PRICES ON APPLES.

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year, small size, 2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 15	\$1 20	\$10 00
1-year, medium size, 3 to 4 feet.....	20	1 50	12 00
1-year, standard size, 4 to 6 feet.....	25	2 00	16 00

**Ben Davis.** Medium to large; roundish, truncated conical; yellowish, overspread, striped and splashed with two shades of red; subacid, of fair quality. A late ripener and good keeper. Widely planted; popular.

**Early Harvest.** Medium to large; yellow, juicy, tender, of fine flavor. A well-known and popular variety. Ripens in June.

**Horse.** Large, rather oval in shape, ribbed, yellow in color; flesh yellow and subacid. Highly esteemed throughout the southern Apple districts as a summer Apple. Excellent for drying and cooking.

**Jennings.** The Jennings or "Jennings' Florida" Apple succeeds farther south than any other variety, and is unquestionably the variety to plant, as it grows well and yields fair

crops of good Apples in sections below the range of this fruit. And throughout the Gulf country westward, including coastwise Texas, where Apples are planted, and the selection is limited to one variety, the Jennings will prove most satisfactory. It has been grown in this (Baker) county many years under the name by which we offer it.

**Red Astrachan.** Large; crimson, with heavy bloom; flesh crisp, acid and juicy. Ripens in June. The tree is vigorous and bears very young. Is perhaps adapted to a wider range of climate than any other variety.

**Red June.** Medium, conical; deep red; juicy; very productive. A beautiful and thrifty tree. One of the best for the lower South, ripening from June 20 to July 15.



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

### GUAVA

**Guava Cattley.** One of the hardiest Guavas. A very handsome evergreen shrub, with glossy leaves. Produces in immense quantities small red fruits, about an inch in diameter. Makes a very fine jelly. Can be grown throughout Florida and all along the Gulf-coast country, as well as in more tropical sections. Price, 1 to 2 feet, 35 cents each, \$3 for 10.

**Yellow Chinese.** Very similar in growth, hardiness and size of fruit to Cattley. Fruit, instead of being red-fleshed, is yellow. Price, 1 to 2 feet, 35 cents each, \$3 for 10.

### SURINAM CHERRY

The Surinam Cherry, *Eugenia Michellii*, is a low-growing shrub sometimes reaching a height of 15 or 20 feet, with bright green, glossy leaves. The fruit is cherry-like, ribbed, an inch or so in diameter with a delightful spicy, subacid taste. Excellent for making jellies and preserves. It makes an excellent pot plant, and is quite hardy. Price, 2-yr., bushy plants, 40c. each, \$3.50 for 10.

### LOQUAT

*Eriobotrya Japonica*, Japanese Medlar, Biwa of the Japanese

Prices on Loquats from seed, 1 to 2 feet, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 for 10

The Loquat is a strikingly handsome, large-leaved evergreen tree adapted to the Gulf-coast country and more tropical locations. The leaves are large, dark green and rough; the young shoots woolly. A compact grower, and forms a well-rounded head. It is very desirable as an ornamental.

Nor is it desirable as an ornamental only, for its fruit, which is about the size of a Wild Goose plum, oblong, bright yellow, subacid, has an agreeable flavor and is highly prized for cooking; makes a most excellent jelly.

The white blossoms, borne in spikes, come during the winter months; consequently, while trees are quite hardy all along the Gulf coast, fruit can be counted on only in sections comparatively exempt from severe cold.

### GRAPES

Grapes of the Muscadine group are native in the southern states and of all the grapes which may be grown, they are the best adapted to southern conditions. Generally the clusters are quite small as compared with the bunch grapes, but the fruit has a fine flavor and is valuable as a table grape, for making unfemented grape juice, for jellies and for wine. In Virginia and North Carolina the culture of Muscadine grapes for wine-making is rapidly becoming an important industry.

Many persons who have planted the Scuppernong grape have found that their vines, when they reach sufficient size, bloom but set no fruit. We guarantee all our Scuppernong vines to bear fruit as soon as they are well established and have reached sufficient size. If they do not, we will either replace them or refund the money paid for them.



Loquat fruit





Scuppernong Grapes

Quite a number of bunch grapes are also well adapted to the South. In a number of sections they are grown for market, and there are few localities where a sufficient quantity cannot be raised for home use. We particularly recommend Delaware, Diamond, Ives, Moore's Early and Niagara.

### Muscadine Type

PRICES ON MUSCADINE GRAPES.—From layers.

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year .....	\$0 15	\$1 20	\$9 00
2-year .....	20	1 60	12 00
3-year .....	35	2 00	20 00

**Eden.** A seeding of the Scuppernong, originated in Georgia. Medium-sized black berries, somewhat acid. A good wine Grape; bears early; very productive.

**Flowers.** Bunches composed of fifteen to twenty large purplish black berries; sweet, vinous. August and September. Quality good. One of the best known and most largely planted varieties of the Muscadine type.

**James.** Very valuable, the largest of the Muscadine group, berries often measuring  $\frac{3}{4}$  to  $1\frac{1}{4}$  inches in diameter; prolific; black, juicy, sweet. Has taken premiums wherever exhibited. Ripens from August until late in the fall.

**Meisch.** The vine is very vigorous and prolific. Berries black, medium to large; sweet. Ripens in August.

**Scuppernong.** Belongs to the Muscadine type. Bunches composed of eight or ten very large berries, bronze-colored when fully ripe; flesh pulpy, sweet, with peculiar agreeable musky flavor; quality excellent. August and Sept.

**Thomas.** Belongs to the Muscadine type, and one of the best of its class. Bunches seldom exceed eight or ten berries; color reddish purple; pulp sweet, tender. Aug. and Sept.

### Bunch Grapes

PRICES ON GRAPES.—From cuttings.

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year .....	\$0 15	\$1 20	\$9 00
2-year .....	20	1 60	12 00

**Agawam.** A strong-growing variety with large bunches of large, dark, reddish brown grapes. The fruit is of good quality and flavor.

**Brighton** Bunches medium; berries large and reddish, skin thin; a desirable table variety.

**Champion.** Bunches and berries medium, round, blue-black; vine healthy and vigorous. Very early. Too tender for long shipment.

**Clinton.** Bunches of medium size. Berries round, black, pulpy and juicy. Fruit keeps well. A good grower.

**Concord.** Bunches and berries very large, blue-black, with bloom; flesh sweet, pulpy, tender, good; vine vigorous. Heavy bearer; desirable for home markets. July.

**Delaware.** Bunches small to medium; berries small, skin red or pink, and very thin; sweet, juicy, vinous; quality best. One of the best in the South. July.

**Diamond.** A handsome white Grape equal or superior to Niagara in quality, and ten days earlier. Prolific, very thrifty and vigorous. Well suited for culture in the South, both for home use and market.

**Ives.** Strong grower; very productive; stands shipping well; bunch large; berries



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

large, black, pulpy, sweet, of good quality. A popular wine Grape. June. Quality much better in the South than in the North.

**Moore's Early.** Similar to Concord in size and shape, but better and earlier.

**Niagara.** Bunch and berry large; greenish yellow; flesh sweet; quality good. Vigorous and prolific. One of the best for Florida.

**Salem (Rogers' No. 53).** Bunch large, compact; berry very large, round, coppery red; flesh tender, juicy; quality best. Ripens with Concord. Vigorous, productive.

**Wilder (Rogers' No. 4).** Bunch large, compact, shouldered; berry large, round, black; flesh tender, juicy, sweet. Ripens about with Concord. Vine vigorous, hardy, good bearer.



Frotscher



Schley



Stuart



Van Deman

## PECANS

Throughout the southern states no fruit or nut tree is better adapted for general planting or more worthy of careful cultivation than the Pecan. It is to the South what the apple is to the North—worthy of a place in every fruit-garden, on every lawn, and the most important fruit tree from the standpoint of the orchardist. The Pecan fits well into the general farming of the regions to which it is adapted. It must be planted farther apart than most other fruit trees, thus leaving ample space for the cultivation of general farm crops. These crops may be grown advantageously, with benefit to the trees, and will cover or more than cover the cost of maintenance, until the Pecans have commenced to bear well.

For our Pecan trees as for all other lines of nursery stock, we emphasize the facts that our trees are true to name and well grown. They are thrifty, vigorous and will give satisfaction.

### PRICES ON BUDDED PECANS

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
1 to 2 feet .....	\$0 65	\$6 00	\$50 00	\$400 00
2 to 3 feet .....	80	7 50	65 00	600 00
3 to 4 feet .....	1 00	9 00	80 00	750 00
4 to 5 feet .....	1 40	12 50	110 00	1000 00
5 to 7 feet .....	2 00	17 50	160 00	

**Frotscher.** A large, oblong nut,  $1\frac{3}{4}$  or  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inch in length; bright yellowish brown in color with a few purplish black markings; shell very thin, cracking easily. Kernel large, easily removed, full, of good quality. One of the handsomest nuts grown. Tree a vigorous grower, of spreading habit with scaly bark, bears heavy crops. We have been propagating this variety

for years from bearing trees grafted by ourselves with scions cut from the original tree in Louisiana.

**Rome (Columbian, Pride of the Coast).** A large or very large nut,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches long, oblong, pointed with greyish brown shell; shell of medium thickness and kernel of medium or fair quality. One of the most vigorous, strong growing Pecans, with rich, dark green foliage.





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Deciduous Fruits

**Russell.** A medium- or large-sized nut,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to  $1\frac{3}{4}$  inches long, oval and pointed, greyish brown with numerous, small purplish black markings. Shell very thin, of excellent cracking quality; kernel plump and of good quality. This variety is a good grower with small, clean, characteristic foliage. Bears well and is a very satisfactory variety.

**Schley.** Size medium to large,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to  $1\frac{7}{8}$  inches long; oblong, somewhat flattened; light reddish brown with a few small markings of purplish brown; shell thin, separating easily

from the kernel; kernel full, plump, bright yellowish brown in color; flavor rich, nutty, in quality one of the best. Tree a good grower and on the whole a very excellent variety.

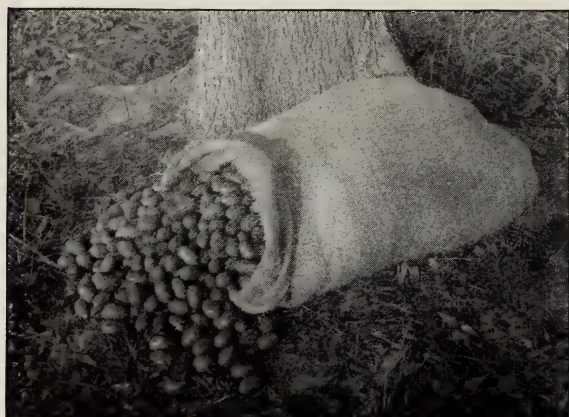
**Stuart.** Nuts large or very large,  $1\frac{3}{4}$  to 2 inches long, oblong with brownish shell strongly marked with dark color. Shell of medium thickness and of very good cracking quality. Kernel full, plump, bright colored. In quality one of the best, the flavor being rich and sweet. A heavy bearer. Tree a strong grower, reaching an immense size, with large foliage.

**Van Deman.** Large to very large, from  $\frac{7}{8}$  to  $2\frac{1}{8}$  inches long, rather slender, pointed at both ends. Color reddish brown with purplish brown markings. Shell of medium thickness; cracking quality excellent. Kernel full and plump, bright brownish yellow; flavor sweet and good. Tree is vigorous, healthy with large bright foliage. Altogether one of the most desirable varieties.

**No. 4.** Medium to large in size; seedling of Frotscher, which it resembles. Quality good. Tree vigorous.

**No. 6.** A short, blunt, roundish, medium-sized nut of good quality. A good keeper, well filled, prolific.

**No. 10.** A large-sized nut, similar in shape to Frotscher, of which it is a seedling; prolific and well filled; vigorous. A good Pecan.



Pecans

## SEEDLING PECANS

We have seedling trees grown from large, selected nuts from our own bearing trees. These are much more apt to produce fine nuts than seedlings from a mixed lot of inferior nuts.

**PRICES ON PECANS.**—Seedlings, from thin-shelled selected nuts.

	Each	Per 10	100
1 to 2 feet .....	\$0 20	\$1 60	\$13 00
2 to 3 feet .....	30	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 feet .....	40	3 50	30 00

## JAPAN WALNUT

In Florida and the southern states generally, the Japan walnut grows well, making a very handsome tree with large spreading top. The leaves are very large and handsome. The nuts are borne in clusters of ten to twenty. They have moderately thick shells and very sweet kernels. We regard the Japan walnut as a very desirable tree.

**PRICES ON JAPAN WALNUTS FROM SEED.**

	Each	10
1 to 2 feet .....	\$0 20	\$2 00
2 to 3 feet .....	30	2 50

## ALMONDS

**PRICE ON ALMONDS.**—On Peach stock

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year, 2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 20	\$1 50	\$12 00
1-year, 3 to 4 feet .....	25	2 00	17 00

Not certain bearers in the South and are not recommended except for garden planting. We offer two of the finest varieties, Sultana and Princess, soft-shelled Almonds of commerce.



Safrano Roses (see page 35)

## ROSES

Roses are the most important flowering shrubs of the South. Nowhere in the country do they develop in such beauty or bloom in such profusion. No garden is complete without its rose bed, no planting scheme is perfect which does not provide a place for them.

With few exceptions, the most satisfactory results will be secured by planting Roses grafted on strong growing roots. Nearly all Roses grown from cuttings are vastly inferior, producing poor, weak plants as compared with the grafted specimens. A few varieties, such as Crimson Rambler, Woodland Margaret and Greville, grow well from cuttings, but aside from these, practically all varieties are decidedly superior when grafted. Our Roses are strong, grafted plants, grown in the open field,—the kind of Roses that give satisfaction.

**CLIMBING ROSES** are usually regarded as valuable only for porches or trellises. While useful for these purposes they are often much more satisfactory as bush Roses. Climbing Roses are strong growers; given plenty of room and severely pruned, they produce an abundance of bloom never surpassed and not often equaled by the true bush Roses. The ability of a Rose to bloom depends on its ability to grow and produce new wood.

Roses are derived from a number of different classes. These classes are indicated by initial letters in parentheses immediately following the name of the variety. The key to these classes is as follows:

Bk., Banksia; Beng., Bengal; Bour., Bourbon; C. B., Climbing Bengal; C. C., Climbing China; C. N., Climbing Noisette; C. T., Climbing Tea; H. C., Hybrid China; H. N., Hybrid Noisette; H. P., Hybrid Perpetual; H. T., Hybrid Tea; Mult., Multiflora; N., Noisette; Pol., Polyantha; P., Prairie; T., Tea; W., Wichuraiana.

**PRICES ON ROSES.**—Varieties that succeed best grafted, we graft; varieties that succeed best on own roots, we grow on own roots.

	Each	Per 10	100
1-year, strong, open-ground-grown .....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$17 00
2-year, large, strong, open-ground-grown .....	35	3 00	25 00

**Agrippina.** (Beng.) Rich, velvety crimson, beautiful bud; for bedding it is unsurpassed. Few Roses so rich in color.

**Alfred Colomb.** (H. P.) Bright clear red; a fine shade. Large, double; strong grower.

**Alice Hoffman.** (Bour.) Light pink center surrounded by outer petals of dark crimson. Medium size, double and full.

**Alphonse Soupert.** (H. P.) Large, very handsome and showy; bright rose-color.





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Roses

**American Banner.** (T.) White striped or shaded red. Flowers medium to large, and fine form. Good grower; very satisfactory variety.

**Anne de Diesbach.** (H. P.) Color is a most lovely brilliant carmine; long pointed buds and large, finely formed, compact, slightly cupped flowers. Very full and double, and delightfully sweet. A vigorous grower and fine bloomer.

**Antoine Mouton.** (H. P.) A vigorous grower, bearing flowers of extraordinary size and fullness. Bright, clear pink, reverse of petals silvery rose.

**Antoine Revoire.** (H. T.) Very large, of a delicate rosy flesh-color. Beautiful buds and well-formed flowers.

**Apolline.** (Bour.) Color clear pink, dashed with rosy crimson; edges and reverse of petals silvery rose.

**Archduchess Marie Immaculæ.** (T.) Flowers of large size and beautifully formed. Very full and double and deliciously fragrant. The flower is light canary-yellow, deepening toward center, delicately penciled and veined with silvery rose.



Bon Silene Rose

Edges of petals, and particularly outer petals, deeply tinged with rose.

**Archduke Charles.** (Beng.) Brilliant crimson-scarlet, often marbled with lighter shades. This is a good grower and very satisfactory variety.

**Baby Rambler.** (Pol.) A dwarf rose, reaching a height of 18 to 20 inches; flowers pink, double, produced in dense clusters of two to three dozen. It is always in flower, even in the hot weather of mid-summer, and makes a beautiful mass of bloom. A very desirable rose.

**Baroness Rothschild.** (H. P.) Large flowers, double and full; very delicate light pink, suggesting peach bloom.

**Beauty of Waltham.** (H. P.) Very large, finely formed flowers; bright cherry-red, a fine color; very fragrant. A profuse bloomer.

**Bessie Johnson.** (H. P.) Beautiful blush-color, highly scented; distinct.

**Blanche de Meur.** (H. P.) Light flesh-color, changing to white.

**Bon Silene.** (T.) Deep salmon-rose, illumined with carmine; highly scented. Valuable for its buds, which are large and of fine form and color. Very strong and robust in this section; bears profusely the year round. An old favorite.

**Bougere.** (T.) Extra large, very double and full; exceedingly sweet tea scent; color bronze-rose or violet-crimson, delicately shaded with lilac. Vigorous and a profuse and constant bloomer. An old Rose, but one of the most desirable.

**Bride.** (T.) A superb pure white Tea Rose; one of the best of its color; the buds and flowers are unusually large and finely formed. It is a strong, healthy grower and a quick and constant bloomer. A fine variety for outdoor culture.

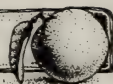
**Captain Christy.** (H. T.) Extra large, flat flowers, very full and regular; the color is a lovely shade of pale peach, deepening toward the center to rosy crimson. Vigorous; a free and perpetual bloomer; one of the best in our grounds.

**Catherine Mermet.** (T.) Very distinct and beautiful, valued highly for its elegant buds; color clear shining pink, with delicately shaded amber and fawn center, large, globular flowers; a strong, healthy grower and free bloomer. One of the most satisfactory.

**Charles Lefebvre.** (H. P.) Reddish crimson, sometimes with a shade of purple; very velvety and rich. Continues to bloom throughout the year; one of the most satisfactory of its class in this section.



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Roses

**Cecile Brunner.** (Pol.) Salmon-pink with deep salmon center. An admirable Rose.

**Cheshunt Hybrid.** (H. T.) Extra fine, large flowers, very double, full and of perfect form; delightfully fragrant; color ruby-crimson, passing to rich maroon; a strong grower.

**Chromatella** (*Cloth of Gold*). (C. N.) Clear, bright yellow; good form and substance; large, very full and double; very sweet; a constant and profuse bloomer; much prized in the South as a pillar or veranda Rose.

**Clement Messier.** (C. N.) Medium size; full and double; white petals surrounding delicate pink center; very pretty in either bud or flower; sweet tea scent; a strong grower.

**Climbing Bridesmaid.** (C. T.) Somewhat similar to its parent, Bridesmaid; dark pink, almost magenta-rose. Strong climber and a splendid variety.

**Climbing Clothilde Soupert.** (C. T.) An offspring of Clothilde Soupert, of which it is an almost exact counterpart, except that it is a strong climber. Its introducers say that it is one of the most valuable, if not the most valuable, climbing Rose ever introduced.

**Climbing Marie Guillot.** (C. T.) A grand new climbing Rose, differing from its parent, Marie Guillot, only in habit of growth. Beautiful creamy white flowers, sometimes with pale yellow center. Strong grower and profuse bloomer.

**Climbing White Pet.** (Mult.) Strong-growing Rose of the Rambler class; showy white flowers borne in clusters; fragrance like cherry blossoms.

**Climbing Wootton.** (H. T.) Very large, rather open flowers, beautifully formed; color bright magenta-red, passing to violet-crimson, richly shaded. A free bloomer, strong grower, and a beautiful Rose.

**Clothilde Soupert.** (Pol.) This lovely Rose resembles the Tea Roses so closely that it is called a Tea Polyantha. The flowers are borne in clusters, and are of large, round, flat form, with beautifully imbricated petals; perfectly full and double, and deliciously sweet; color beautiful pinkish amber or pale, creamy yellow, delicately flushed with silvery rose, sometimes ivory-white, exquisitely tinted with pale salmon, and sometimes both red and white flowers are produced on the same plant. It is a particularly handsome Rose and has always been greatly admired. The bush is a vigorous and compact grower and a continuous and remarkably profuse bloomer.

**Comtesse Eva Starhemberg.** (T.) Yellow, buff and yellow center, edged rose. Medium to large, double and full. Strong grower and a desirable kind.

**Comtesse Riza du Parc.** (T.) Color coppery rose, shaded with violet-crimson. Flowers are large, double and full. Beautiful in bud and flower.

**Coquette Bordelais.** (H. P.) Large, open flowers which remind one of a camellia. Color carmine-rose, sometimes rosy pink, with white stripes in center of petals.

**Coquette des Alpes.** (H. N.) Medium-sized white flowers tinged with blush.

**Coquette des Blanches.** (H. N.) Delicate white or flesh-colored flowers of medium size.

**Crimson Rambler.** (Pol.) This novelty of the Polyantha class came originally from Japan.



Climbing Bridesmaid Rose





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Roses



Devoniensis Rose

The flowers are produced in great pyramidal panicles or trusses, each carrying from 30 to 40 blooms, the individual flower measuring about 1 to 1½ inches in diameter. The foliage is bright green and glossy, and contrasts finely with the bright crimson of the flowers.

**Devoniensis.** (C. T.) On account of its whiteness and sweetness, often called the Magnolia Rose; creamy white, delicately flushed in the center with pink; possesses an exquisite and distinct fragrance. This is one of the most magnificent of Roses in this region; an exceptionally strong grower and vigorous climber, and bears profusely and constantly flowers of large size and great beauty.

**Dinsmore.** (H. P.) Flowers large and perfectly double; color rich crimson-scarlet.

**Douglass.** (Beng.) Medium to large, dark cherry-red flowers.

**Duchesse de Brabant.** (T.) Exquisite shell-pink, tinged at the edges with carmine. The buds and opening flowers are very beautiful. The flowers hold their form and color for a long time after being cut. In coloring it is unsurpassed, perhaps unequaled, by any pink Rose. It is strong and vigorous, and blooms

profusely the year round. One of the best for this region of the South.

**Duke of Edinburgh.** (H. P.) Dark, velvety maroon; large size, full, regular form; very handsome and fragrant.

**Elise Boelle.** (H. N.) White, delicately tinged with pink; medium size, full, beautiful, circular form; very sweet. A lovely Rose.

**Ellen Drew.** (H. P.) Delicate peach blossom, pink on top side of petals, reverse side rosy pink. Medium size, double, very full.

**Empress Marie of Russia.** (T.) Flowers canary-yellow, sometimes shaded with white and lemon.

**Empress of China.** (C. C.) A new free-flowing climbing Rose of Chinese origin. The plant is a strong, healthy grower, making a fine specimen in a very short time, and produces its medium-sized flowers in profusion. Climber. Color soft red, changing to light pink when fully open, covering bush with a mass of color.

**Estelle Pradel.** (C. N.) Lovely, pure white buds; flowers medium size, full and sweet; profuse bloomer. A favorite climbing Rose in the South.



Duchesse de Brabant Rose



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Roses



Isabella Sprunt Rose (see page 32)

**Etoile de Lyon.** (T.) Beautiful chrome-yellow, deepening to pure golden yellow at the center; the flowers are very large, very double and full, and delicately fragrant. Unequaled among the yellow Roses in this region, except by Marechal Niel, which it much resembles. In the North it is styled a rival of Perle des Jardins, but is much larger and more satisfactory than the latter here. A vigorous, lusty bush; blooms profusely at all seasons. One of the best.

**Exposition de Povins.** (H. P.) Bright velvety red; very full and double and exceedingly fragrant. Strong grower, and a desirable variety.

**Ferdinand Batel.** (H. T.) Varying color from pale rosy flesh on yellow nankeen, to yellow nankeen-orange. A fancy-colored Rose; quite distinct and pretty.

**Fortune's Double Yellow.** (C. T.) Sulphur-yellow, edged rose. Flowers large, single and open. Very pretty and odd.

**Francois Levet.** (H. P.) Rosy pink, delicately shaded with cherry-red. Handsomely formed flowers, very full and double and nearly as large as Paul Neyron. Good grower.

**General Jacqueminot.** (H. P.) Large, globular flowers of a rich crimson-scarlet color. A favorite Rose of its class.

**Giant of Battles.** (H. P.) Bright crimson flowers of medium to large size; double, full and fragrant.

**Gloire Lyonnaise.** (H. P.) The only yellow Hybrid Perpetual; it cannot be called deep yellow, but rather a pale shade of chamois or salmon-yellow, deepest at center, and sometimes passing to rich, creamy white, finely tinted with orange and fawn; the flowers have all the beauty of Tea Roses; large and full, and delightfully sweet.

James Sprunt  
Rose  
(see page 32)







# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Roses



Mad. Lambert Rose (see page 33)

**Gracilis.** (C. B.) Flowers bright rosy red, large and full. A climber suitable for planting in both sunny and shady locations.

**Greville, or Seven Sisters.** (Mult.) Medium-sized flowers, varying in color from white to crimson, and borne in immense clusters in great profusion. In season the vine is a mass of pink and white. A vigorous climber of rampant growth, like the Banksias and Woodland Margaret, and speedily covers an unsightly object with a mass of green.

**Heinrich Schultheis.** (T.) Large, good form and full; color pinkish rose; sweet-scented.

**Henry M. Stanley.** (T.) Pale pink, edged and mottled deep rose, with a lovely shade of salmon or buff-rose on reverse of petals. Large, double and full.

**Her Majesty.** (H. P.) Flowers of immense size, remarkably beautiful form and perfectly double; the color is a lovely shade of rosy pink, passing to clear flesh, elegantly tinged and shaded with amaranth and silver rose; delightfully fragrant. A strong, upright grower.

**Hermosa.** (Bour.) An excellent Rose; blooms in fine clusters; large, double and fragrant; beautiful, clear rose; a constant bloomer.

**Isabella Sprunt.** (T.) Bright canary-yellow; large, beautiful buds. A profuse bloomer.

**James Sprunt.** (C. B.) Deep cherry-red flowers, very full, double and sweet. The most satisfactory of the dark red ever-blooming varieties in this section. The cut-flowers keep for a remarkably long time in perfect condition. It is a moderate climber, makes a good pillar Rose, and the exceptionally brilliant and beautiful flowers are to be found at all seasons.

**John Hopper.** (H. P.) Bright rose, with carmine center; large and full. A stout, strong grower. Bears a succession of flowers extending through the season, and is one of the best of the Hybrid Perpetuals in this region.

**Jubilee.** (H. P.) Bright cardinal-red, sometimes glowing crimson. Large velvety flowers, quite often 5 inches across; very full and double; strong grower. One of the finest very dark Roses in our collection.

**Jules Jurgensen.** (C. B.) Large, full, finely formed flowers of a magenta-rose color. In habit and characteristics the vine resembles James Sprunt. One of the best here.

**Jules Margottin.** (H. P.) Bright cherry-red; large, well-formed, fragrant flowers; a splendid old variety.

**La Grandeur.** (T.) Rosy carmine, boldly striped and dashed with white.

**Lamarque.** (C. N.) White, with sulphur center. Constant bloomer.

**La Princesse Vera.** (T.) Flowers of medium to large size, finely formed, very double and full. Color rich ivory-white shaded and veined with fine coral-yellow and delicately penciled with delicate blush. A very desirable Rose.

**La Reine.** (H. P.) Beautiful clear bright rose; very large, of fine, full form.

**Letty Coles.** (T.) Beautiful blush-colored flowers, sometimes tinged with pale yellow. Medium to large size and fine form. A strong, vigorous grower. Sweet Tea fragrance.

**Louis Philippe.** (Beng.) Rich, velvety crimson. While not so valuable for bouquets as some varieties, as the petals soon drop after the flowers are cut, it is the most showy and satisfactory dark red Rose we have for gardens and grounds. It makes a large, vigorous bush, and there is scarcely a time during the entire year when it is not covered with bright red flowers. There are always flowers, and nearly always quantities of them.



## GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



### Roses

**Louis Richard.** (T.) Coppery rose, the center sometimes deep red. Very handsome.

**Mad. Alfred Carriere.** (H. N.) Pearly white, with slight pink tint in the center. In our own gardens one of the most satisfactory, being an unusually strong grower and constant bloomer. Flowers of good size and handsome.

**Mad. Barriglionne.** (T.) Coppery carmine-rose; fine buds; flowers semi-double.

**Mad. Bravy.** (T.) Creamy white, large, full, of symmetrical form and great fragrance. A profuse and constant bloomer.

**Mad. Camille.** (T.) Large, very double and full; rosy flesh, changing to salmon-rose.

**Mad. Caroline Kuster.** (N.) Pale yellow, often mottled with rose. Excellent free-blooming sort.

**Mad. De Vatry.** (T.) Red, shaded with salmon. A choice Rose of bright color and good form in bud and flower.

**Mad. Gabriel Luizet.** (H. P.) Clear, bright rosy pink, a beautiful shade. Medium to large size, double and full and somewhat flat.

**Mad. Jean Sisley.** (Beng.) A free-growing, free-flowering Rose of merit. This is a fine Rose for bedding. It is full and double, and pure white, sometimes tinged blush.

**Mad. Joseph Desbois.** (H. P.) Flesh white, shaded with salmon-rose; large, well formed; a remarkably beautiful Rose. Very vigorous.

**Mad. Joseph Schwartz.** (T.) Large, globular flowers, very full and sweet; color pure white, the edges of petals tinged with carmine. The flowers have the exquisiteness and delicacy of its parent Duchesse de Brabant. One of the most satisfactory here.

**Mad. Lambard.** (T.) Large and full flowers varying from rosy salmon to rosy flesh. Beautifully shaped, in buds and full blown flowers. Very free and constant bloomer—one of the most satisfactory in our collection.

**Mad. Margottin.** (T.) Flesh-color, sometimes slightly tinted with pale pink at center. Medium size, full and double. Delicately fragrant. A desirable kind.

**Mad. Philemon Cochet.** (T.) Color rose, shaded with salmon and suffused with a lighter shade. Vigorous; a profuse bloomer.

**Mad. Plantier.** (H. C.) Pure white, above medium size, full flat form. A spring bloomer; very strong and vigorous. More valuable as a stock upon which to bud other varieties than for its own flowers.

**Mad. Sadie Carnot.** (T.) Cherry-red; a very good variety.

**Mad. Scipion Cochet.** (T.) Rosy yellow; large and double, margins of petals wavy; beautiful glossy foliage; free-flowering.

**Magna Charta.** (H. C.) Bright clear pink, flushed with violet-crimson; very sweet; flowers extra large, fine form, double and full. A spring bloomer. Makes a large, vigorous bush.

**Maid of Honor.** (T.) Medium to large flowers, similar to Bridesmaid; fine buds, borne on long stems; color rich, rosy pink.

**Manda's Triumph.** (W.) Strong-growing, creeping plants, producing an abundance of small white Roses; petals very slender and thickly set together.

**Marechal Niel.** (C. N.) Deep yellow; very large, full globular form; delightfully fragrant, the finest of all yellow Roses. In the North this Rose is of a delicate constitution, and requires careful treatment to get good results. In the South it is at home; a strong, vigorous grower, producing freely its magnificent flowers at all seasons in great abundance. It should have the first place in every collection.

**Margaret Dickson.** (H. P.) Finely formed, pure waxy white flowers of immense size, some of them nearly as large as Paul Neyron.

**Marie Ducher.** (T.) Generally described as "rich salmon-yellow, with fawn center; large,



Marechal Niel Rose





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES

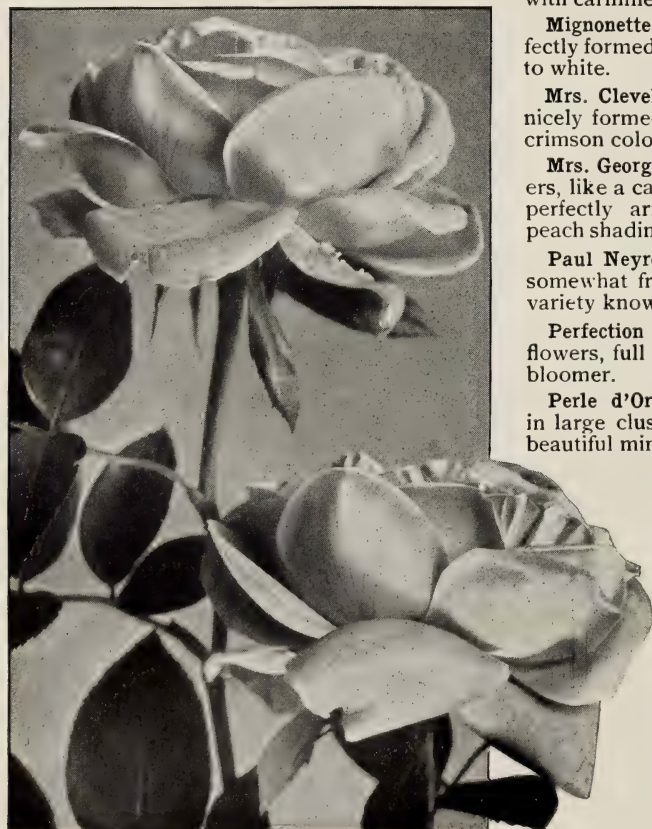


## Roses

very full, somewhat flat; very double and sweet." With us color varies from peach-blossom to light rose, suffused with sulphur-yellow, with reverse of petals silvery rose. Medium-sized, nicely formed flowers. A good grower and constant bloomer.

**Marie Guillot.** (T.) Generally described as "pure snow-white, sometimes faintly tinged with pale yellow. Large, full and double." On our grounds it is more apt to be pale yellow and often distinctly tinged with deep blush or light rose. A fine grower, with very pretty flowers.

**Marie Lambert.** (T.) Pure white; a seedling from Mad. Bravy, and even more vigorous; has been called the White Hermosa, which it resembles in form and freedom of bloom.



Paul Neyron Rose

**Marie Van Houtte.** (T.) Pale yellow, the edges of petals often lined with rose. Sometimes both yellow and red Roses are to be seen on the same bush, but always beautiful flowers. A strong, vigorous grower, and one of the most satisfactory Roses.

**Marshall P. Wilder.** (H. P.) Flowers very large, perfectly double, and of good substance; color bright cherry-red, shading to crimson. Plant a clean, healthy grower.

**Mary Washington.** (C. T.) Small white flowers, borne in clusters. Fragrance of a musky flavor noticed in some of the Roses of "ye olden time."

**Merveille de Lyon.** (H. P.) Flowers extra large, cupped form, full and regular, and very fragrant. Color ivory-white, delicately flushed with carmine.

**Mignonette.** (Pol.) Large clusters of perfectly formed miniature Roses; pink, changing to white.

**Mrs. Cleveland.** (H. P.) Medium to large; nicely formed flowers of a dark red or velvety crimson color. Delightfully fragrant.

**Mrs. George Paul.** (Bour.) Large open flowers, like a camellia, with very bold, thick petals, perfectly arranged; blush white, with rose peach shading; very distinct.

**Paul Neyron.** (H. P.) Deep rose; very full, somewhat fragrant, free-blooming; the largest variety known. A very desirable garden Rose.

**Perfection des Blancches.** (H. N.) Pure white flowers, full and double, very fine; a constant bloomer.

**Perle d'Or.** (Pol.) Nankeen-yellow flowers in large clusters. One of the most unique and beautiful miniature Roses in our collection; the buds are especially adapted for genteel button-hole bouquets. Only a moderate grower, but a profuse and constant bloomer.

**Pink Roamer.** (W.) Luxuriant grower of the creeping habit. Small-sized pink flowers with white centers. Splendid for grave decoration, or for covering any unsightly object.

**President Lincoln.** (H. P.) Vermilion-red, tinged with crimson. A strong grower, producing large flowers.

**Pride of Reigate.** (H. P.) Crimson, handsomely striped with white, sometimes half crimson and half white. Free bloomer.



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Roses

**Prince Albert.** (H. P.) Beautiful bright crimson; very large, full and fine.

**Prince Camille de Rohan.** (H. P.) Very deep velvety crimson; large, moderately full; habit somewhat spreading. A good Rose of splendid color.

**Princess Louise Victoria.** (H. P.) Salmon-pink, medium size. A splendid climbing Rose.

**Queen.** (T.) A grand, globular white Rose of the most queenly rounded form, borne on large stems; a free grower and free bloomer. A sport from *Souvenir d'un Ami*.

**Queen's Scarlet.** (Beng.) Rich crimson, changing to light scarlet. A very distinct and striking shade. Very free-flowering.

**Reine Marie Henriette.** (C. T.) Cherry-red, a pure shade, which does not fade or shade off into undesirable tints; large, double and beautifully formed; somewhat fragrant. One of the finest red Roses in our collection.

**Rev. J. B. M. Camm.** (H. P.) Carmine-rose, a fine enduring shade; large size, semi-globular form; one of the most fragrant.

**Rosa viridiflora.** (China.) Commonly known as the Green rose. A strong-growing variety with green flowers composed of leaf-like petals; blooms two or two and one-half inches across, strongly scented, produced in clusters. Valuable as an oddity.

**Safrano.** (T.) A delicate and beautiful tint of salmon and apricot-yellow, which is always bright and clear, and does not fade or shade off into dull and undesirable tints. One of the most exquisitely colored of Roses, and exceedingly beautiful in the bud. In this latitude it makes a vigorous, strong bush, and bears an abundance of flowers at all seasons. One of the best.

**Santa Rosa.** (T.) Flowers rich, delicate pink; inclining to crimson; semi-double reflex petals.

**Solfaterre.** (C. T.) Clear sulphur-yellow; large and double. Foliage and character of growth very similar to *Marechal Niel*. A splendid climber and profuse and constant bloomer; the flowers do not blight, wilt or fade in the hot midsummer sun, like many of the other fine varieties.

**Souvenir de Leonie Viennat.** (T.) Large, elegantly formed flowers, double and full. Color deep yellow, with amber in base, passing to rose color, reverse of petals silvery rose.

**Souvenir de Mad. Pernet.** (T.) Silvery rose, shaded yellow; reverse of petals sometimes striped white. Medium-sized cup-shaped flowers.

**Souvenir d'un Ami.** (T.) Large, handsomely formed flowers. Color clear shining pink, sometimes shaded with carmine.

**Sylphide.** (T.) Blush with fawn center; large and double. Very handsome in bud.

**Tennessee Belle.** (P.) Graceful and slender in growth; bright pink flowers in clusters.

**Tom Wood.** (H. P.) Beautiful cherry-red flowers, often shading to deep and dark crimson; double. A fine red Rose and good bloomer.

**Ulrich Brunner.** (H. P.) Flowers extra large, full and globular. Color glowing crimson.

**Vick's Caprice.** (H. P.) Medium to large flowers of rosy pink color. Double and sweet.

**Victory.** (H. P.) The flowers are of immense size and splendid substance; beautifully formed, very full, round and double. Color deep rich velvety crimson. A grand Rose.

**Virginia R. Coxe** (*Gruss an Teplitz*). H. T. A bright, dazzling, crimson rose with beautiful buds and medium, double flowers of large size. A profuse bloomer throughout the whole season. A strong and vigorous grower and should be given plenty of space.

**White Maman Cochet.** (T.) Pure white, or white with very slight, delicate, pink tinge on the outer petals; full, double, beautiful pointed buds, with regular shell-like petals. A profuse bloomer and strong, vigorous grower. We have tested it for several years and can strongly recommend it as one of our best Roses.

**White Perle des Jardins.** (T.) Ivory-white or pale yellow, outer petals sometimes tinged rose; delicate tea fragrance. Quite distinct from *Bride* or any other white Rose. A splendid grower and one of the most satisfactory on our grounds.

**Woodland Margaret.** (C. N.) Medium-sized, pure white flowers, sometimes tinged with blush, which are produced in the greatest profusion. A constant bloomer and vigorous climber. A rapid wood-maker; desirable in the lower South.

**Yellow Soupert.** (T. P.) Very similar in character of growth and shape and size of flowers to *Clothilde Soupert*. The color of the flowers is white, with delicate chrome-yellow at center.

**York and Lancaster.** (H. P.) One of the oldest Roses in existence, dating back to the time of the Wars of the Roses between the Royal Houses of York and Lancaster. Said to have been originated when these warring factions became united. Color red and white, representing the red of the Lancastrians and the white of the Yorkists.





*Magnolia grandiflora* (see page 37)

## SHADE TREES

Nowhere in the country is shade so acceptable or so necessary as in the South. Whether in park or city street, country road or lawn, shade trees are valued not as luxuries, but as necessities for health and comfort. Nothing adds more to the home grounds, nothing so improves the appearance of town or city as well placed healthy, vigorous shade trees.

The list of trees which is offered to our customers we can strongly recommend for planting throughout the southern states. They are well grown, with straight stems and well developed root systems. Grown in nursery rows for a number of years they are vastly superior to the trees which may be obtained from the woods.

**CAMPHOR** (*Cinnamomum Camphora*). An evergreen tree, of handsome, compact growth, with bright, clean foliage. A strong grower on moist, well-drained lands; hardy throughout Florida and the greater portion of the Gulf states. Strongly recommended for windbreaks. Now being planted in Florida on a commercial scale for the production of camphor gum.

	Each	Per 10	100
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 20	\$1 50	\$12 00
2 to 3 feet, stocky.....	25	2 00	18 00
3 to 4 feet, stocky.....	40	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 feet, extra fine.....	75	6 00	45 00
Special sized trees.....	2 00		

**CATALPA speciosa**. A hardy, deciduous tree of very rapid growth, with large, dark green leaves. The flowers are large, 2½ inches in diameter, white, with yellow and purple spots, borne in medium-sized clusters. Valuable as an ornamental tree and for its timber. The wood is exceedingly durable and well adapted for cross-ties and fence-posts.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet.....	\$0 25	\$2 00
4 to 6 feet.....	30	2 50
6 to 8 feet.....	50	4 00
8 to 10 feet.....	1 00	7 50

**CHERRY LAUREL** (*Prunus Caroliniana*). A small, evergreen tree reaching a height of from 20 to 30 feet, with dark, glossy, green foliage. The flowers are white, small, borne in racemes in spring. They are followed by black cherry-like fruits which mature in autumn and hang on the trees throughout the winter. Grows well throughout the southern states as far north as Washington. Excellent for individual specimens or for hedges. See page 42.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
2 to 3 feet.....	50	4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 00

**CORK ELM** (*Ulmus racemosa*). One of the Elms best adapted to the South, reaching a height of upwards of 100 feet, with oblong rounded top. Branches provided with corky wings, and clothed with dark green leaves. A valuable shade tree. 2 to 3 feet, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

**DOGWOOD, White** (*Cornus Florida*). A small tree with spreading bushy top and bright green leaves. The flowers with their large, white bracts, appearing in spring, before the



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Shade Trees

### DOGWOOD, White, continued

leaves, make the Dogwood one of the most striking ornamental trees. The fruit ripens in autumn and is bright scarlet in color. One of our most handsome flowering trees.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 30	\$2 50
3 to 4 feet.....	40	3 50

**Pink.** A handsome variety of *Cornus Florida*, with bright pink flowers. Equally hardy with the white form and can be grown wherever the other variety can—throughout the Atlantic coast and Gulf states. Budded trees. 2 to 3 feet, 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.

**GINKGO** (*Salisburia adiantifolia*). A rapid-growing Japanese tree of narrow, upright habit and handsome appearance. The leaves are similar in shape and markings to those of the maidenhair fern.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
2 to 3 feet.....	45	4 00

**HOLLY** (*Ilex opaca*). Well known as the Christmas Holly. This tree, with bright, green, spiny leaves and brilliant scarlet berries, is one of our handsomest evergreen shade trees. A moderately rapid grower and succeeds on a wide range of soils. Should be severely cut back when transplanted.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 40	\$3 50
2 to 3 feet.....	50	4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 00
4 to 5 feet.....	1 00	9 00
5 to 7 feet.....	1 20	10 00

**MAGNOLIA grandiflora.** The grandest, broad-leaved evergreen of the southern forests. Leaves large, bright shining above, usually coated with brownish hairs beneath. Flowers beautiful, large, often 8 or 10 inches across, waxy white, lemon-scented and produced throughout a period of two or three months. Our trees are nursery grown and well-rooted.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 40	\$3 50
2 to 3 feet.....	50	4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 50
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	9 00

**MAPLES** (*Acer*) are among our most valuable shade and ornamental trees. They grow rapidly and are long lived, while their colors, changing with the seasons from early spring to late autumn, lend a pleasing touch to the landscape.

**Scarlet** (*Acer rubrum*). One of our handsomest Maples, growing to large size with moderately spreading branches. The leaves are three- to five-pointed, light green above, white beneath, changing to vivid shades of scarlet and gold in autumn. In early spring the bright, red flowers are produced, followed by the equally highly colored seeds.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
3 to 4 feet.....	50	4 00
4 to 6 feet.....	75	6 50
6 to 8 feet.....	1 25	10 00
8 to 10 feet.....	2 00	15 00

**Silver** (*Acer dasycarpum*). A Maple of very rapid growth, with large, five-pointed leaves, green on the upper side and white, silvery colored beneath, turning pure yellow in fall. The branches are wide-spreading and rather drooping. Succeeds well everywhere.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
3 to 4 feet.....	50	4 00
4 to 6 feet.....	75	6 50



Camphor Tree (see page 36)





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Shade Trees

**MIMOSA TREE** (*Albizzia julibrissin*). A small tree with low, spreading, flat-topped head and finely divided dark green compound leaves. Flowers pink, showy, borne in large bunches at the ends of the branches. A very handsome, rapid-growing tree, suited for planting throughout the South; hardy as far north as Washington.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet .....	\$0 30	\$2 50
2 to 3 feet .....	40	3 50

**OAKS** (*Quercus*) Long-lived, of quite rapid growth with graceful rounded tops; The Oaks are among our most valuable shade and ornamental trees. They can be grown almost anywhere, and no lawn or park is complete without a number of them. They are the most commonly planted of all our shade trees.

**Laurel** (*Quercus laurifolia*). A medium- or large-sized tree, with thick rounded head and slender branches. The leaves are oblong, sometimes lobed, dark green and

**OAKS, Laurel, continued**

shining. A handsome shade and avenue tree, native from Florida to Louisiana and Virginia.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 35	\$3 00
3 to 4 feet .....	45	4 00
4 to 6 feet .....	60	5 00
6 to 8 feet .....	1 00	9 00

**Pin** (*Quercus palustris*). One of the most beautiful Oaks, with symmetrical conical head and short, spreading branches. The leaves are bright green, becoming red in fall, five- to seven-lobed. In moist soil it grows rapidly and has proved to be well adapted throughout northern Florida and northward.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 35	\$3 00
3 to 4 feet .....	45	4 00
4 to 6 feet .....	60	5 00
6 to 8 feet .....	1 00	9 00
8 to 10 feet .....	2 00	15 00

**Scarlet** (*Quercus coccinea*). A medium-sized Oak, with rounded open head. The leaves are very large, usually with seven wide deep lobes. They turn bright scarlet in autumn. It grows well on rather dry soil.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 35	\$3 00
3 to 4 feet .....	45	4 00

**Water** (*Quercus aquatica*). The true Water Oak of the South, with slender spreading branches and rounded, rather conical head. The leaves are somewhat broader, and slightly three-lobed at the apex. A rapid grower and one of our most beautiful shade trees.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet .....	\$0 45	\$4 00
4 to 6 feet .....	60	5 00
6 to 8 feet .....	1 00	9 00
8 to 10 feet .....	2 00	15 00

**Willow** (*Quercus phellos*). A rapid-growing symmetrical tree, with rounded head and narrow willow-like leaves. One of the most satisfactory Oaks.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 35	\$3 00
3 to 4 feet .....	45	4 00
4 to 6 feet .....	60	5 00
6 to 8 feet .....	1 00	9 00
8 to 10 feet .....	2 00	15 00

**PECAN** (*Hicoria pecan*). A majestic tree rivaling the New England elm in stateliness and grandeur. Grows well throughout the cotton states and even farther north and west. Valuable for its nuts and should be commonly planted, both for fruit and shade. See page 25 for further description and prices.



Tulip Tree (see page 39)



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Shade Trees

**POPLARS** (*Populus*). Trees of rapid growth and valuable where quick shade is desired. They grow well under the most adverse conditions.

**Cottonwood** (*Populus deltoides*). A large-branched tree, with well-foliaged, symmetrical head. The leaves are large, triangular and bright green, borne on flattened petioles and are moved by the slightest breeze. One of our most satisfactory Poplars.

	Each	Per 10	100
3 to 4 feet .....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$17 00
4 to 6 feet .....	35	3 00	25 00
6 to 8 feet .....	50	4 00	35 00
8 to 10 feet .....	90	7 50	65 00

**Lombardy** (*P. nigra Italica*). A strict upright growing tree of striking appearance. The leaves are small- or medium-sized, dark green with flattened petioles. Valuable because of its odd habit of growth. 2 to 3 feet, 20 cts. each, \$1.80 per 10.

**RED BUD** (*Cercis Canadensis*). A small tree, 20 to 30 feet high, producing an abundance of showy, rosy pink flowers in early spring. The leaves are roundish, broad and handsome. Grows best on rather moist soil.

	Each	Per 10	100
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$17 00
3 to 4 feet .....	35	3 00	25 00
4 to 6 feet .....	50	4 50	35 00
6 to 8 feet .....	75	6 00	45 00

**RED CEDAR** (*Juniperus Virginiana*). See page 41.

**SWEET GUM** (*Liquidambar styraciflua*). A rapid-growing native tree, with a rather narrow symmetrical conical head. Branches often corky winged. The leaves are bright green, five- to seven-pointed; in autumn they are colored in brilliant shades of red and crimson. A very handsome tree.

	Each	Per 10	100
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 30	\$2 50	\$20 00
3 to 4 feet .....	50	4 00	30 00
4 to 6 feet .....	75	6 00	50 00
6 to 8 feet .....	1 00	9 00	70 00

**SYCAMORE** (*Platanus occidentalis*). A noble tree, with spreading branches and white or grayish white bark. The leaves are large, lobed and toothed. A beautiful rapid-growing tree, succeeding well over a wide range of country. Well adapted for seaside planting.

	Each	Per 10	100
3 to 4 feet .....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$17 00
4 to 6 feet .....	35	3 00	25 00
6 to 8 feet .....	50	4 00	35 00

**TEXAS UMBRELLA.** A medium-sized tree, with flat umbrella-like top. Foliage finely divided, dark green, casting a very dense shade; grows well throughout the South and is a very desirable shade tree. Our trees are grown from selected seed.

	Each	Per 10	100
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
3 to 4 feet .....	30	2 50	20 00
4 to 6 feet .....	50	3 50	30 00
6 to 8 feet .....	80	6 50	50 00

**TULIP** (*Liriodendron tulipifera*). An ornamental tree of upright, pyramidal shape and rapid growth. The foliage is bluntly four-lobed, bright bluish green above, lighter below and turning bright yellow in autumn. The flowers are light greenish yellow, marked with deep orange, tulip-shaped. A very handsome tree of clean growth, free from insects and diseases, and one of the most desirable for avenue, park and lawn planting.

	Each	Per 10	100
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 30	\$2 50	\$20 00
3 to 4 feet .....	40	3 50	30 00
4 to 6 feet .....	50	4 50	40 00
6 to 8 feet .....	75	6 00	50 00
8 to 10 feet .....	1 00	9 00	70 00

**WEeping WILLOW** (*Salix Babylonica*, var.). One of the most valuable weeping trees, reaching a height of 30 feet, with long pendulous branches and narrow pointed leaves. Valuable for planting along streams, on the margins of ponds, or for individual lawn specimens.

	Each	Per 10	100
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 20	\$1 50	\$15 00
3 to 4 feet .....	30	2 00	20 00



Texas Umbrella Tree





Flowers of Mock Orange (*Philadelphus grandiflora*). See page 43

## Conifers, Shrubs, Hedge Plants and Vines

Nothing adds so much to the beauty of the home surroundings, nothing gives so much pleasure as a good lawn and well-placed shrubs and vines. The number which may be planted will be governed by the shape and extent of the grounds, but even the smallest lot has a place for a few.

They should be planted in masses, in corners and about the buildings, always leaving a goodly proportion of open lawn. Aside from their value in beautifying the grounds they actually increase the money value of a property. A city lot, for instance, with well grown shade trees and shrubs, is decidedly more valuable than a piece of bare ground.

The varieties offered are those which have been thoroughly tested and which we know will give satisfaction. Our stock is healthy, vigorous and well grown.

### CONIFERS

**ARBORVITÆ (Thuya, Biota).** Beautiful evergreen shrubs of compact symmetrical growth. They are especially suited for formal plantings. The varieties we list are adapted to southern climatic and soil conditions.

**Compacta.** A variety with low dense rounded top and dark green foliage, very handsome and attractive.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 45	\$4 00
3 to 4 feet.....	80	7 00
4 to 5 feet.....	1 50	12 00



Biota Rosedale (see page 41)



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Conifers

### ARBORVITÆ, continued

**Aurea nana.** A variety with compact rounded head and handsome greenish golden foliage. This is one of the most satisfactory varieties. It makes a handsome hedge. 1 to 1½ feet, 40 cts. each, \$3.50 per 10.

**Pyramidalis.** Upright and narrow in form, growing to a good height, with beautiful, light green foliage. This variety is one of the most striking Arborvitæ. It is quite a rapid grower.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 45	\$4 00
3 to 4 feet.....	80	7 00
4 to 5 feet .....	1 50	12 00

**Rosedale.** Of compact rounded, symmetrical form with very dense head. The foliage is dark, bluish green and very handsome. A very desirable variety.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
2 to 3 feet.....	45	4 00
3 to 4 feet.....	80	7 00
4 to 5 feet .....	1 50	12 00



Juniperus Virginiana



Cedrus deodara

**CEDRUS deodara** (Indian Cedar). A cone-bearing tree introduced from the Himalayan mountains. Of pyramidal form, reaching immense proportions. Foliage a beautiful shade of bluish green. This tree is well adapted throughout the southern states and makes an exceedingly handsome lawn specimen. 1 to 2 feet, 50c. each, \$4 per 10.

**JUNIPERUS Virginiana** (Red Cedar). A dark green tree, with conical head and upright spreading branches. It grows rapidly and reaches a large size. It should be planted in a sunny exposure.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
3 to 4 feet.....	50	4 00
4 to 5 feet.....	75	6 00
5 to 7 feet.....	1 00	9 00





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



Conifers, Shrubs and Hedge Plants

**RETINOSPORA plumosa** (Japan Cypress). One of the most valuable of the Japanese Cypress. A rapid-growing variety with feathery, plume-like foliage and slender branches. It makes a very handsome tree and succeeds well in the South.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 50	\$4 50
3 to 4 feet.....	75	6 00
4 to 6 feet.....	1 00	9 00



*Althæa rubra*

## SHRUBS AND HEDGE PLANTS

**ABELIA grandiflora**. A beautiful evergreen shrub with dark green glossy leaves becoming bronze-colored in winter. Flowers white, funnel-shaped, tinged with pink, delicately sweet-scented, borne in clusters throughout the whole season, from early spring until late autumn. One of our handsomest shrubs. 1 to 2 feet, 25 cts. each, \$2 per 10.

**ALTHÆA** (*Hybiscus Syriacus*). Rose of Sharon. This is one of our most desirable flowering shrubs. Top rather upright and spreading. They are easily grown and produce an abundance of bloom throughout a long period.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 20	\$1 50
2 to 3 feet.....	25	2 00
3 to 4 feet.....	40	3 50

**Carnea plena**. Double white, with red throat; a free bloomer.

**Rubra**. Double red, large, free-flowering and a very handsome shrub when in full bloom.

**BARBERRY** (*Berberis Thunbergii*). A low-growing shrub, spiny, with bright green foliage which becomes beautifully colored in autumn. The white flowers are followed by bright, shining red fruit. One of the most beautiful shrubs.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 18	\$1 50
2 to 3 feet.....	25	2 00

**CAPE JESSAMINE** (*Gardenia florida*). An evergreen shrub, with dark green, glossy leaves. The flowers are white, waxy, very fragrant, large and showy. It blooms from May to September and reaches a height of 8 to 12 feet.

	Each	Per 10
1½ to 2½ feet.....	\$0 25	\$2 00
2½ to 3 feet.....	40	3 50

**CHERRY LAUREL** (*Prunus Caroliniana*). This small tree makes a handsome, durable hedge, the bright glossy evergreen foliage giving it an exceedingly pleasing appearance. Plants should be set about 15 inches apart and may be trimmed in rectangular or rounded form. See, also, page 36.

**CRAPE MYRTLE** (*Lagerstræmia Indica*). Vigorous deciduous shrubs, reaching a height of 15 to 20 feet; leaves small, bright green. Introduced from southern Asia. The fringed flowers are produced in immense clusters in different shades of white, purple and scarlet. Of easy culture and one of the most conspicuous southern shrubs.

	Each	Per 10	100
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 25	\$2 00	\$17 00
3 to 5 feet.....	40	3 00	25 00
5 to 7 feet.....	75	7 00	60 00

**Purple**. A grand sort producing immense clusters of flowers of a rich purple color.

**Scarlet**. Of handsome growth; a bright showy plant with large bunches of scarlet flowers.

**White**. A pure white form with large clusters of flowers, very free-blooming.



# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Shrubs and Hedge Plants

**ELÆAGNUS edulis.** A low-growing shrub with silvery leaves; flowers light yellow, borne singly along the branches. The fruit is bright red, produced during summer, edible and very ornamental.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
2 to 3 feet.....	50	4 00

**FRENCH MULBERRY, White** (*Callicarpa Americana alba*). A deciduous shrub with dark green leaves and upright stems. Fruit pure white, produced in compact bunches at the bases of the leaves. Easily grown and very striking.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 25	\$2 00
2 to 3 feet.....	30	2 50

**HYDRANGEA.** A very ornamental group of shrubs with showy flowers, produced in large bunches. They are excellent for planting in masses.

**paniculata grandiflora.** A very showy form, producing immense clusters of flowers a foot or more in length, white, becoming slightly rose-colored. One of the best shrubs in cultivation. Grows well on nearly all soils and reaches a height of 6 or 8 feet.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
2 to 3 feet.....	50	4 00

**Thomas Hogg.** A handsome, dwarf variety, growing in dense compact form with large, bright green leaves. Produces large rounded clusters of white flowers. 1 to 2 feet, 35 cts. each, \$3 per 10.

**MOCK ORANGE** (*Philadelphus grandiflora*). A handsome tall-growing shrub, with narrow, oval green leaves. The flowers are white and produced in medium-sized clusters. An excellent shrub.

	Each	Per 10
1 to 2 feet.....	\$0 30	\$2 50
2 to 3 feet.....	35	3 00
3 to 4 feet.....	50	4 00

**POMEGRANATE, Flowering** (*Punica*). These shrubs are among the most satisfactory for general planting. The flowers in various shades of white, pink and red are very beautiful and are produced in profusion throughout the greater portion of the summer. 1 to 2 feet, 25 cts. each, \$2 per 10.

**Double Scarlet.** Large, bright scarlet flowers, a strong-growing variety.

**Mad. Legrelle.** Pink, marked with crimson veins, very full and double.

**PRIVET, Amoor River** (*Ligustrum Amurense*). A densely branched variety of rapid growth, with small evergreen leaves. The best hedge Privet known, and may be pruned in any desired form. Very ornamental when grown as an individual specimen.

	Each	Per 10	100	1,000
1-year.....	\$0 15	\$1 00	\$5 00	\$35 00
2-year.....	25	1 50	9 00	55 00
2-year, 3-feet and up, large bushy.	30	2 00	12 00	



White Crape Myrtle (see page 42)

**SWEET SHRUB** (*Butneria florida*). A deciduous shrub, highly esteemed for its large, reddish sweet-scented flowers, which are produced in early spring. The leaves are large, dark green, and the plant reaches a height of about five feet. Grows well in shade.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet.....	\$0 30	\$2 50
3 to 4 feet.....	40	3 00

**TRIFOLIATE ORANGE** (*Citrus trifoliata*). A small-growing, hardy variety of Orange, with sweet-scented flowers appearing in spring before the leaves. Of dense, upright form and very thorny. Fruit round, golden, ripening in autumn and remaining on the trees for two or three months after color-





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



## Shrubs and Vines

### TRIFOLIATE ORANGE, continued

ing. A handsome tree, and makes an impenetrable hedge. Very valuable and hardy, withstanding temperatures below zero. See page 9.

**WHITE FRINGE** (*Chionanthus Virginica*). A large shrub or small tree, with dark green leaves. Flowers white in loosely branched clusters. Native throughout the South and easily grown.

	Each	Per 10
6 to 12 inches.....	\$0 25	\$2 00
1 to 2 feet.....	35	3 00

## VINES

**HONEYSUCKLES** (*Lonicera*). Rapid-growing vines, with handsome flowers. They make a dense covering and are especially adapted for porches, trellises and for hiding unsightly places.

	Each	Per 10
1-year .....	\$0 25	\$2 00
2-year .....	35	3 00



Amoor River Privet Hedge (see page 43)

### Honeysuckle, Trumpet (*Lonicera sempervirens*).

A beautiful, strong-growing vine, with oval leaves, bluish green in color. Flowers showy, scarlet on the outside, yellow within, large and produced throughout nearly the whole year with us. Even in winter it continues in bloom.

**White** (*Lonicera japonica*). A rapid-growing vine, with slender stems, and dark green leaves. Flowers white, changing to yellow as they fade. Produces a very dense covering. One of the best.

**JAPAN IVY** (*Ampelopsis Veitchii*). A beautiful rapid-growing vine, with three-lobed or three-parted dark glossy green leaves. A very beautiful vine, especially adapted for covering brick and stone walls. One-year, well-grown vines, 25 cts. each, \$2 per 10.

**TRUMPET VINE** (*Bignonia radicans*). A strong-growing vine, with dark green compound leaves. The flowers, brilliant orange in color, are borne in clusters during the summer months. The Trumpet vine is valuable as a quick-growing cover for trellises, fences or any unsightly object. 2 to 3 feet, 30 cts. each, \$2.50 per 10.

**WISTARIA** (*Wistaria Chinensis*). A magnificent strong-growing vine, hardy throughout the country. The flowers, which appear before the leaves in spring, are produced in large, pointed clusters. It reaches an immense size and is very attractive.

	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet .....	\$0 25	\$2 00
3 to 4 feet.....	40	3 00

**YELLOW JESSAMINE** (*Gelsemium sempervirens*). A slender, rapid-growing evergreen vine, with dark green leaves. The flowers are yellow, fragrant and produced in profusion during the spring months. One-year vines, 20 cts. each, \$1.50 per 10.

**Ornamental Plantings.** In beautifying the home grounds in different sections of the country, it is often difficult to decide what plants are best adapted for different purposes. We are always glad to give our customers the benefit of sound advice on this subject, and to assist them in making a suitable selection. If furnished with a rough diagram showing the shape of the grounds with dimensions, position of the buildings, the trees and shrubs already planted, if any, with as full details as possible, we shall be pleased to furnish planting plans, showing the position and kinds of all necessary trees, shrubs and vines. With our large list, to which additions are constantly being made, we are in position to supply an assortment of ornamentals best adapted for the work and well fitted to give satisfactory results. We shall be pleased to furnish information covering the cultivation, fertilizing, pruning and care of the plants on the home grounds. Write us freely.



Orange Trees as Tub Plants

## Trees in Pots and Tubs

We carry a fine assortment of Oranges and Kumquats in tubs and pots.

The tub trees are now growing in cypress tubs 20 inches across and 16 inches high. The specimens are mostly branched at 18 to 24 inches above the tops of the tubs, and reach a total height of 5 to 6 feet, including the tub. These well-grown trees are carrying good crops of fruit and have been growing in the tubs for two and three seasons. The pot plants are handled in two sizes, 8- and 10-inch pots respectively, and are well developed specimens in every way. (See page 46.)

For house or conservatory culture or for window display these plants in pots and tubs are particularly desirable. In summer they may be set out of doors, in northern climates, where they make very desirable decorative specimens. They are very ornamental even without flowers or fruit, while the white, sweet-scented blossoms and golden fruit against the dark glossy green foliage make a combination of exquisite coloring. Only plants in fruit are shipped and the prices vary somewhat according to the crop on the trees.

We take particular pains in preparing these trees for shipment to avoid injury or loss of fruit. Prices quoted are f. o. b. cars here. We shall be pleased to supply further particulars upon request.

Orange and Kumquat trees in tubs.....	each, \$10 to \$15
Orange and Kumquat trees in pots .....	each, \$2.50 to \$4

## BOOKS

### Florida State Horticultural Society's Reports

At the annual meeting of the Florida State Horticultural Society, numerous papers and reports containing the most advanced thought of up-to-date, practical horticulturists are presented. The discussions following these reports bring out many valuable points. These papers, reports and discussions are reported verbatim and published in book form. These books are mailed to members of the society. Any one may become a member by paying \$1 membership fee.

The 1907 Report will be mailed to any one remitting \$1 for it.





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



Books, Etc.

## Citrus Fruits and Their Culture

By H. HAROLD HUME

This work has been well received, and is heartily endorsed by the leading growers of citrus fruits. The subject of citrus fruit-growing has been thoroughly covered in all its phases, from the preparation of the land and the planting of the trees to the marketing of the fruit.

From the standpoint of the grower actually engaged in the production of first-class oranges, pomelos (grape-fruit) or lemons, it is an invaluable book. It contains 600 pages, well illustrated with line drawings and half-tone engravings. Second edition 1907. Price, postpaid, \$2.50.



Potted Kumquat in bloom

## The Pecan and Its Culture

By H. HAROLD HUME

Pecans are rapidly becoming one of the most important orchard trees in the South. The merits of this valuable nut are being recognized as never before.

To supply reliable information on pecan-growing, this up-to-date work, touching every cultural detail, has been prepared after a number of years' careful study of the industry. The book is thoroughly practical and contains, in condensed form, the information needed by every grower of pecans. Paper binding, 75 cts.; cloth, \$1, postpaid.

## PROPER DISTANCES FOR PLANTING

Oranges on common stocks ... 25 to 30 ft. each way  
Oranges on *C. trifoliata* ..... 18 to 20 ft. each way  
Kumquats ..... 10 to 12 ft. each way  
Peaches and Apples ..... 18 to 20 ft. each way  
Plums ..... 15 to 18 ft. each way  
Japan Persimmons ..... 15 to 20 ft. each way  
Pears, Le Conte ..... 25 to 30 ft. each way  
Pears, General varieties ..... 20 to 25 ft. each way  
Grapes, Bunch varieties ..... 8 to 10 ft. each way  
Grapes, Muscadine type ..... 18 to 25 ft. each way  
Figs ..... 12 to 15 ft. each way  
Pecans ..... 40 to 60 ft. each way

## NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS TO THE ACRE

Distance apart, feet	No. of trees	Distance apart, feet	No. of trees	Distance apart, feet	No. of trees
1 by 1 .....	43,560	10 by 10 .....	435	19 by 19 .....	120
2 by 2 .....	10,890	11 by 11 .....	360	20 by 20 .....	108
3 by 3 .....	4,840	12 by 12 .....	302	25 by 25 .....	69
4 by 4 .....	2,722	13 by 13 .....	257	30 by 30 .....	48
5 by 5 .....	1,742	14 by 14 .....	222	35 by 35 .....	35
6 by 6 .....	1,210	15 by 15 .....	193	40 by 40 .....	27
7 by 7 .....	888	16 by 16 .....	170	45 by 45 .....	21
8 by 8 .....	680	17 by 17 .....	150	50 by 50 .....	17
9 by 9 .....	537	18 by 18 .....	134	60 by 60 .....	12



Duchesse de Brabant Roses in Nursery rows

## Terms of Business

**Location.**—Our Nurseries are one and one-half miles southwest of Glen Saint Mary, Baker county, Florida, a station on the Seaboard Air Line Railway, thirty miles west of Jacksonville.

**Long Distance Telephone** in our office.

**Glen Saint Mary** is a freight, express and telegraph station.

**Invitation to Visitors.**—We take pleasure in showing our stock to persons wishing to purchase, and, if notified in time, will meet visitors at the station on arrival.

**No Agents.**—We employ no agents, and have no connection with any other nursery. No one is authorized to represent us or to sell stock for us. Trees sold to dealers must be resold by them upon their own responsibility. We are responsible only to parties purchasing direct from our Nurseries.

**Club Orders.**—Neighbors can sometimes club together and have one of their number place an order for all, thus often securing lower prices on account of larger number of trees ordered.

**Minimum Orders.**—We do not care to accept orders amounting to less than \$2.

**Applying Prices.**—Five, fifty and five hundred trees of one class at ten, hundred and thousand rates, respectively, purchaser's selection from varieties of one fruit having a common price. For instance, fifty or more peaches, in one or more varieties, would come at the hundred rate, and five hundred or more at the thousand rate. The foregoing does not apply to badly assorted orders, or to long lists made up of a few each of many varieties.

**Terms cash** with order, if for immediate shipment. Orders for trees to be held for some weeks after the shipping season opens should also be accompanied by full payment. On orders booked in advance of the shipping season, 25 per cent down, with the balance due when the shipping season opens. We do not care to ship trees C. O. D.

**Remittances.**—To secure safety and prompt acceptance, remittances should be made by Bank Draft, Express or Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter or prepaid Express.

**Freight Prepaid.**—To points in Florida, on orders amounting to \$5 or over; and to points in Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas, on orders amounting to \$10 or over we will prepay freight. To points within the United States, outside of those above-mentioned, we will, in lieu of prepaying freight, allow a discount of 5 per cent on orders of \$10 or over. The conditions of this offer are, that orders shall be figured at prices in this Catalogue and that trees or plants be paid for in full before shipment. Orders conforming to above terms, but for express shipment, will be forwarded collect, and allowance made on invoice for the amount of freight. This freight-prepaid offer does not apply to foreign countries, as packing for foreign shipment is more expensive.

**Transportation at Purchaser's Risk.**—Our responsibility ceases upon delivery in good order to forwarding companies; claims for loss or damage in transit should be made upon the latter. We





# GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES



Terms of Business, Etc.

will, however, start a tracer for delayed shipments, if notified, and use every means at our command to secure prompt delivery.

**Shipping by Mail.**—In ordering trees or plants for shipment by mail, add 15 per cent to the list price on the smallest size given, to cover cost of packing and postage. We cannot guarantee trees to come up to size specified in list, as only very small specimens can be sent in this way.

**Time of Shipment.**—Unless instructed otherwise, orders received during the shipping season will be forwarded as soon after their receipt as possible, and orders booked in advance will be shipped as soon as may be after the shipping season opens.

**The Shipping Season.**—November to March for all trees and plants. Citrus trees can, however, be shipped at any season of year, but, when forwarded during summer months, should be shipped by express.

**Selecting Varieties** suited to locality is of the first importance, and can often be more advantageously done by ourselves than by purchasers. We are always glad to aid our customers in their selections, when so desired, and will, upon request, cheerfully furnish additional information in regard to the adaptability or desirability of particular varieties.

**Substitution.**—We desire to follow our customers' wishes in this respect, and have found that they generally wish us to substitute, to the best of our judgment, in case any varieties or sizes ordered are exhausted. We, therefore, substitute when necessary, unless instructed to the contrary.

**Printed Labels** attached with brass wire to everything sent out.

**We Guarantee** all stock sent out to be well rooted, well grown, true to name, properly packed, and shipped according to instructions. Our liability under the foregoing guaranty is limited in amount to the original price received.

**Claims.**—If, by any possibility, errors should occur, they will be promptly rectified, if claim is made within ten days after the receipt of the goods.

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# ORDER SHEET

G. L. TABER,  
President and Treasurer  
H. HAROLD HUME  
Vice-President and Secretary

Remittances can be made by Bank Draft, Money Order, Prepaid Express, or Registered Letter.

 We substitute, unless instructed to the contrary, but never until the varieties ordered are exhausted; and in all cases cheerfully refund the money instead of substituting, if so requested.

Do you wish us to substitute to the best of our judgment in case any varieties or size ordered should be exhausted? Write "YES" or "NO."

Date \_\_\_\_\_ 190\_\_

For amount enclosed, \$ \_\_\_\_\_, send me by \_\_\_\_\_  
(Write here "Freight," "Express," "Mail," or "Use your discretion.")  
the Trees and Plants designated below:

**WRITE PLAINLY**

 This space for full shipping directions, without reference to P. O. address of purchaser.


Name \_\_\_\_\_

Place (Express or Freight Station) \_\_\_\_\_

County \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

Via \_\_\_\_\_

WRITE PLAINLY

 This space for name and P. O. address of purchaser, without reference to destination of shipment. Ladies, please give title, Miss or Mrs.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Street and No. }  
or P. O. Box } \_\_\_\_\_

*Post - office*

County \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

[illegible]









GLEN SAINT MARY NURSERIES  
GLEN SAINT MARY, FLORIDA